THE CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

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VOL. 34. EMPORIUM, PA., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1899. NO. 41.

NEW STORE. FRESH GOODS.

CRAMER'S

Popular Variety Store

New line of winter Coats and Capes. Elegant in texture and make.

Newest styles in Fancy Dress patterns.

Fine line of Ready-made Clothing of the best manufacture.

Ladies' - Furnishing - Goods.

Tinware, Glassware,
Silverware, Dishes, by sets,
One hundred piece
Dinner and Tea Sets,
Crockery,
Lamps, Lanterns,
Clocks,
Table Oil Cloth,
Clothes Wringers,
Window Shades, Wall Paper,
Sewing Machines,

D. F. CRAMER,
Emporium, Pa.

DAY'S SPECIAL PRICES

For Friday and Saturday, December 8th, and 9th:

"Pillsbury's Best" Flour, ½ Bbl. sacks,	$1.25
½ Bbl. sacks,	.65
Good's Best XXXX Patent ½ Bbl. sacks,	1.15
Pork Loins, Whole, Lb.	.10
Pork Chops, Lb.	.11
Pork Sausage, home-made, Lb.	.12
Weiner Sausage, Lb.	.11
Liver Sausage, Lb.	.8
Side Pork, Lb.	.9
Hams, "Westphalia" Brand, Lb.	.12½
California Hams, Lb.	.9
Bacon, Clear, whole pieces, Lb.	.10

When you go marketing, don't forget that at our store you can find all the staple groceries and toothsome delicacies.

It would take a Big Basket to hold all the delicious fancy grocery notions to be found behind our counters. We try to make this store of ours the housewife's delight. If there is any wholesome eatable we haven't heard of, we can get it for you in a short time.

Confectionery and nuts, all fresh and at prices that will surprise you at their smallness.

J. H. DAY.

Telephone, 6.

LOCAL NOTICES.

For fine china go to M. C. Tulis'.

For dolls, toys and games go to M.C. Tulis'. Largest stock and lowest prices. 41-3t.

You can buy a good sled for boy or girl, cheaper of M. C. Tulis than of any one else. 41-3t.

OLD RELIABLE DRUG STORE has always been noted as headquarters for holiday goods.

See the new Platnum Photos at Schriever's Gallery. They are just the thing for Xmas presents.

STERLING SILVER novelties at Taggart's drug store. Goods guaranteed and prices will surprise you.

Don't mind bad weather but go to Schriever's and have your Xmas photos made. See his latest styles.

Have your pictures framed at Schriever's. He has a new and large line of mouldings and frames always on hand.

XMAS PHOTOS.—There is nothing more acceptable for an Xmas present than a good photo of yourself. Schriever makes them you know.

FOR SALE.—One span of good, heavy draught-horses, with harness, nearly new; also a pair of bob sleds used but a few weeks; all at a bargain. Price away down.

MRS. N. E. TAYLOR,
41-2t Sterling Run.

FOR SALE.—A number of fine dwellings and properties for sale in Emporium. Well located and provided with all modern conveniences. Terms reasonable. Inquire of

B. W. GREEN,
38-4t. C. W. SHAFFER.

A TIP ON CUT GLASS.—While cut glass will never entirely take the place of silver, yet the demand for the beautiful and artistic cut glass dishes is constantly increasing. We notice some of the choicest patterns from the most celebrated makers at Metzger's, at astonishing low prices. 41-2t.

HOLIDAY EXCURSION RATES.—In accordance with an old established custom the Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg Ry. will, this year, issue excursiod tickets between all stations on its line, account Christmas and New Years Holidays, at a fare and one-third for the round trip. Tickets will be sold and good going on Dec. 23, 24, 25, 30 and 31, 1899, limited for return passage until Jan. 2, 1900. 41-4t.

Make your hens lay—eggs are valuable. You can do so if you give them proper material and attention. The material you can procure at our store.

Leave your orders for Christmas and New Year poultry with us. Don't wait until the eleventh hour and then want to kick yourself because you didn't get what you wanted.

DAY'S.

THE FAD FOR EBONY.—Perhaps the most appreciated present a young man can receive is a fine hair brush. A really fine brush is a luxury. Genuine ebony is the most suitable material for a good brush as it is not only durable but handsome. Now put on one, two or three of those elegant sterling silver initals, and you have a present fit for a king. The line at Metzger's is the best I have seen and the young men are watching it eagerly. 41-2

SOMETHING ABOUT RINGS.—More rings are being worn this season than for years past, and while fashion decrees that more jewelry of all kinds shall be worn, finger rings are the favored articles. Opals are the favorite settings, both in solitaire and in combination with other stones, the latter way being probably the most popular. I notice that Metzger has an an elegant assortment of carefully selected rings at very reasonable prices. 41-2t

Fourth Monthly Report of Emporium Schools.

HIGH SCHOOL SENIOR CLASS.

Grace Leet 98, Anna Cleary 98, Abbie Metzger 97, Chester Hockley 97, Maude Thomas 97, Chas. Hockley 95, Bertha Gregory 94, Fred Huntington 92.

JUNIOR CLASS.

Floyd Van Wert 98, Lora McQuay 98, Nellie Lingle 97, John Heilman 97, Albert Caton 95, Bertha Dinger 94, Joel Jordan 93, Drusi Evers 92, Nellie Hamilton 83.

SOPHOMORE CLASS.

Katie Welsh 98, Encie Howard 98, Myrtle Olmsted 98, Ida Hacket 97, Maggie Nickler 97, Alice Montgomery 96, Perna Gaskell 96, Golda Lyons 96, Laura Lechner 95, Forest Ayres 95, Rosa Ganey 94, Edward Ansbrow 94, Theresa Blumle 94, Iva Leet 94, Anna Blumle 93, Eva Leet 93, Vernon Heilman 90, Joe Harbot 90, Joel Shives 90, Martin Cummings 88, Carrie McQuay 87, Clyde Barner 83, Mamie McCabe 83, Ella Newton 83, Thomas McCaslin 82, John Howard 80.

GRAMMAR GRADE—A CLASS.
Mabel Cush, Teacher.

Maggie Gleen 98, Olive Maloy 97, Fred Lloyd 97, John Mulcahey 96, Mazie Gallagher 96, Mary Murray 95, Francis Quinn 95, Frank Felt 94, Guy Klees 94, Clyde McCaslin 93, Ray Garrity 92, Mattie Knickerbocker 90, John Quigley 88, Frank Moore 86, John Daugherty 86, James Farrell 81.

B CLASS—FIRST DIVISION.

Grace Lloyd 98, Nora Stauffer 97, Grace Metzger 97, Alvira Farr 96, Nellie Thomas 96, Hattie Evans 95, Eva Lewis 95, Rosa Extrom 94, Myrtle Gregory 94, Verna Hertig 93, Jennie O'Day 93, Sennie O'Day 93, Belle Husted 93, Fred Heilman 93, Flora Schlecht 92, Mamie Cummings 91, Guy Thompson 91, J. M. Bair 86, Stella Geary 83, Sadie McInnes 73.

B CLASS—SECOND DIVISION.

Myrtle Lloyd 99, Louis Whiting 97, Katie Weisenfluh 97, Christie McDonald 97, Mabel Halderman 96, James McInnes 95, Alice Quigley 95, Leo Hayes 95, Edith Heilman 95, Caroline Lechner 95, George Welsh 95, Alice Burnell 95, Maggie Cummings 94, Anna Schweikart 94, Andrew Hout 94, Lorenzo Burnell 94, Andrew Zwald 93, Dan Welsh 93, John Heher 93, Lena Bair 93, Frank Richie 92, Chas. Faucett 92, Frank Nangle 92, Etta Spence 92, Kerr Hemphill 92, Max Balcom 92, Bella Ullrich 92, Nellie Farrel 92, Annie Hout 91, Anna Quigley 91, George Howard 91, Rile Prosser 91, Russel McQuay 91, Katie Richie 91, Katie Lechner 90, Neal Welch 90, Geo. Hockley 89, Edwin McCarthy 88, Fred Husted 88 Roy Marshall 87, Chas. Newton 84, Orvis Hemphill 83, Lenna Healy 80.

A INTERMEDIATE—A CLASS.
Louise Bonham, Teacher.

Julia Hogan 95, Ethel Day 94, Jane Kaye 94, Frank Cavanaugh 94, Della Bingman 93, Blanche Kline 93, Vera Olmsted 93, Henry Metzger 93, Albert Johnson 92, Sadie Edwards 91, Carl Thompson 91, Myrtle Kautz 91, Emma Ellis 91, Mary Linthurst 91, Annie Welsh 90, Carrie Evans 89, Edna Auchu 87, Joe Fountain 87, Grover Fetter 80.

B CLASS.

Willie Gantz 94, Jay Card 93, Bertha Kaye 91, Iva McDougall 91, Josie Newton 90, Vernon Evans 89, Linda Fisk 88, Lulu Snyder 89, Lawrence Fisk 88, Edna Pepperman 87, Ethel Pye 87, Alice May 87, Gus Carlson 86, Sadie Robinson 86, Theresa Ganey 85, Henry Pott 84, Lucetta Murray 83, Arthur Carlston, 89, Edward Sloppy, 88.

B INTERMEDIATE—A CLASS.
Elvia Whiting, Teacher.

David Mulcahey 96, Jennie Robinson 95, Laura Hout 94, Floyd Seavor 94, Lena Richie 93, Thos. Cummings 93, Mildred Green 92, Ella McCarthy 92, Albert Hout 92, Charles Jessop 92, Clara Fredette 91, Harry Keller 91, Roy Brady 91, Willie Card 91, Marguerite Metzger 90, Maggie Weisenfluh 90, Lee Swartz 90, Ralph Hout 90, Pearl Shadman 89, Pearl Pealer 89, Laura Fisk 88, May Prosser 88, Charles Shives 88, Elsie Morrison 87, May Kline 86, Rachael Day 84, Henry Hout 84, Clyde Fisher 82, Willie Clare 78.

B CLASS.

Rita Whiting 96, Edda Horning 96, Bessie Mc Quay 94, Katharine Hogan 93, Gale Burlingame 93, Irene Richie 92, Anna Weisenfluh 92, Belle Cleary 91, Christie McDonald 91, Willie Munsell 90, Roy Beattie 88, Nellie Keyes 84, Florence Minard 84, Alex. Snyder 82, Florence Cleary 81, Stasia Lawler 81, Anna Garrity 69.

A PRIMARY—A CLASS.
Mame Cleary, Teacher.

Edna Cruice 97, Mildred McQuay 96, Hazel Smith 96, Gordon Beattie 95, Charles Farrell 95, Perry Harbot 95, John Robinson 95, Herbert Vogt 95, Jeanette Metzger 95, Mollie Spence 95, Mark Ellis 94, Burton Edwards 94, Willie Welsh 94, Clara Patterson 94, Michael May 93, Harry Fountain 92, Alfred Zwald 92, Myrtle Diniuey 91, Tom Bailey 90, Viola Sloppy 90, Rose Pye 90, Arthur Miller 89, Sylvester Richie 89, Editha Patterson 89, Mary Jessop 85, Boyd Snyder 84, Fred Goodyear 82.

B CLASS.

Jean McNarney 97, Marcia Carter 95, Ellen Auchu 94, Edna Clark 93, George Barker 92, Jay Pealer 92, Anna Strait 92, Willie Ainsbrow 91, Harold Day 89, Etta Fetter 88, Willie Yentzer 87.

C CLASS.

Anna Edwards 96, Ethel Lloyd 96, Marian Judd 95, Martha Burns 95, Kate Metzger 95, Mary Bailey 93, Mamie Farrell 93, Lena Coyle 93, Lizzie Fisk 93, Mary Winters 92.

Low Gas.

General complaint is being made thus early in the winter, by those consuming gas, at the low pressure and small amount of gas. As a result our people are looking up coal or wood stoves and do not intend to be caught this winter as they were last.

Farmers' Institute.

This institute, which is increasing in interest from year to year, will be held in the Court House, Emporium, on January 12th and 13th. The first session will be held on the afternoon of the 12th and will open at 1:30 o'clock. The day sessions will be devoted to discussions of topics of the greatest interest to farmers, while the evening sessions will be devoted to lectures and music.

Hon. N. B. Critchfield, of Somerset county, and Dr. William Frear, Professor of Agricultural Chemistry at State College, will attend all these meetings and will discuss many subjects of vital interest to our farmers. J. M. Wittman, of Elk county, will be present and assist in the meetings. All parties who wish to be heard should send their names to the undersigned, giving their subjects, that proper time may be allotted on the programe. A question box will be constantly on the table for general use. The music at the evening sessions will be rendered by the Emporium Glee Club.

On the 15th of January a day's session of the institute will be held at Driftwood, where the same speakers will be in attendance.

Programmes with full announcements will be issued soon. We hope to have the co-operation of our people generally, irrespective of occupation. Morning sessions will begin at 9:30; afternoon sessions at 1:30, and evening sessions at 7:30.

I. K. HOCKLEY,
Chairman of Committee.

A Gorgeous, Glittering Free Show.

The free street parade, as given by Col. Robinson's "Old Southern Life" company, under the direction of Gilder & Newton this season, is a most prodigious processional attempt. This brilliant display will be given precisely at 11:30 a. m., on day of performance; it is said to be the most elegant parade that ever traversed the thoroughfares of a town or city. No one should miss this gorgeous, glittering affair with its wealth of proudly prancing aristocratic coons and two big bands of music. This attraction is coming here by special train and will appear at the opera house, Emporium, Monday evening, Dec. 11. Prices 10, 20 and 30 cents. Reserved seats on sale at H. S. Lloyd's.

Univertity Association.

Program for Dec. 11: Religious movements of the 19th Century, Rev. W. P. Shriner; Emerson as Essayist Prof. Stauffer, Emerson as Poet, Miss Blanch Ludlum; The Alcotts, Miss Rose Bair; Margaret Fuller, Mrs. Burlingame; Theodore Parker, Miss Van Valkenburg; Henry David Thoreau, Miss Bonham.

Program for Dec. 18: Biographical sketch of Longfellow, Mrs. W. H. Howard; Readings from Evangeline, Mrs. Burnell; Readings from The Courtship of Miles Standish, Miss Heilman; Readings from Holmes The Autocrat of the Breakfast Table, Miss Bryan, Cush and Garrity.

Hooks Ball.

Posters have been issued from the PRESS office announcing the thirteenth annual ball and supper of Rescue Hook and Ladder Company, Monday evening, Jan. 1st, 1900. Music will be furnished by Jamison's orchestra of Bradford. Tickets $1.00.

THAT old chestnut, "fresh drugs, pure drugs, compounded drugs," is so stale and so expensive that it has lost its charm, and people are going to Taggart's with their prescriptions, where they find a competent clerk, and Taggart, whose health is fully recovered, is constantly on hand, and certainly his thirty years experience is of itself a sufficient guarantee to insure accuracy and the two together insures you promptness and despatch that you can't get in any other store in town.

The P. N. corset is the only perfect fitting corset made. For sale by Mrs. E. O. Bardwell.

M. C. TULIS. | M. C. TULIS.

HOLIDAY STORE NEWS.

DOLLS, SLEDS,
TOYS, BABY CUTTERS,
GAMES, AND GO-CARTS.

Ladies' Jackets and Capes.

IT is an immense satisfaction to buy Cloaks at a store where the Cloaks are not only the best, but where the trouble of fitting and buying is the least.

Here you find the "between sizes" which makes it easy to get the exact fit and avoid delay in alterations.

Our stock of Ladies Jackets and Capes is undeniably the greatest collection of seasonable apparel at such LOW prices as Emporium has rarely—it ever—enjoyed before.

When you consider that this is the commencement, not the end of the season, and that you have months before you for wearing what you buy. The pricing seems phenomenal. Every one of these dozens of garments is made with due regard for present fashions.

Correct fit is a certainty with this enormous assortment, and the choice of patterns to those who come in early is absolutely beyond record.

Children's Reefers and Baby Cloaks.

What happy times for children these times at the Big Store.

So many bright new things.

So much to keep the growing beauties snug and warm.

Such a variety to delight the girls.

Mothers and fathers have been coming here a good many years, and it is only natural the girls want to come also.

To delight the girls and please the parents, we are offering better values in children's wear than ever before.

All the worthy new styles in Children's Reefers are here. The greatest assortment we have ever shown and that means much, for our leadership in this line is undisputed.

You can buy here the best made garments at moderate prices, and know that you are getting great values for your money.

Trueness of style and LOW prices are indissolubly linked here.

Come and see them.

Dress Goods. The richness and elegance of our Dress Goods add greatly to the success of this up-to-date department.

The stock we are showing is equal to all the demands that are being made upon it, which means that it is the best selected and most complete stock in the county.

Our special exhibit of high class novelties in Black Dress Goods, embraces the very latest offerings of the leading importers. Prices are somewhat less than usual asking elsewhere.

Ladies' Waists. Beautiful styles in Ladies' Waists, made of silk. Imported Ladies' Cloth and French Flannel, plain colors, stripes and checks.

Our offerings this season are the best we have ever made.

One strong feature is perfection in fit, another is fashionable cut and finish, a third, values that cannot be matched.

Underwear. High quality and Low prices are made possible here by buying and selling largely and quickly on small margins, and the accurate knowledge of the woolen market that enabled us to take advantage of the recent rise.

We bought Low and Sell as we buy. People of taste appreciate the excellent quality, generous fullness and beautiful finish of all of our garments shown in this department. The general high quality and low prices of our underwear will surprise you.

Blankets. It is fortunate all around that we bought so early and so largely of these staple goods. All of them fully up to our high standard so that we are able to furnish the best of Blankets at last year's prices, and some special lots at even lower figures. We assure you that our Blanket Department offers better values than can be had elsewhere.

Handkerchiefs. We are now offering a collection of Handkerchiefs which surpasses in interest and excellance of values any we have heretofore shown. This collection of beautiful Handkerchiefs is of such an unusual character that we urgently invite you to call and take advantage of the opportunity to buy the finest of fine handkerchiefs at prices that make it a pleasure to spend money.

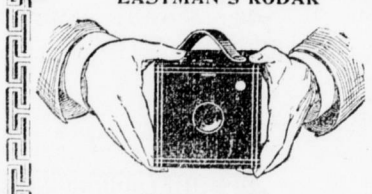
Beautiful creations typifying all that is new in the handkerchief world, are to be found in this vast stock.

Fine China. If you appreciate nice goods, prettily made, you will be pleased with our immense assortment of Chinaware.

One of the most popular advantages of buying China here is the satisfaction of always getting dependable up-to-date China at prices within the reach of all. What you get here must at all times be of the highest standard in style and make, and you will always find us ready to supply at the lowest possible prices.

M. C. TULIS.

EASTMAN'S KODAK



FRIDAY, Warmer, partly cloudy, probably light snow in afternoon or night.
SATURDAY, Partly cloudy; warmer.
SUNDAY, Fair Weather.

You can carry it in your hands, on your shoulder, in your pocket or on your bicycle. You press the button and the Kodak will do the rest.

LLOYD'S LONG RANGE FORECAST OF THE WEATHER AND EASTMAN'S KODAK.

Thanksgiving.

With the great feast day of the year just ahead, the housewife's thoughts divide attention between good things to eat and good things to buy at Lloyd's.

If ever there was a time when thankfullness should find general expression, it seems to be now No matter what form the observance shall take, the honored American instution—the Thanksgiving Dinner—will be in fullest evidence. Our store is stocked with books, stationery, kodaks, wall paper, guns, ammunition and good cigars, etc.

HARRY S. LLOYD.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, $5 per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

Making Money Fly.

Hon. Carroll D. Wright's new book, "Outlines of Sociology," contains this passage: "A poor man may make a criminal use of wealth as well as the rich. He may use it in the purchase of those things that perish with the use and that result in no good to himself or his family. He may spend it in some form of riotous living, or in the insane attempt to keep up appearances which are not legitimate." This ought to be profitable reading for several millions of people, says the Youth's Companion; indeed, for that vast majority who are living on small incomes and who never think of themselves as "poor." The rich are few; they have no monopoly of moral responsibility, either for getting or for using. The man who has but a dollar is "wealthy" to that extent, and he is under the same law with him who has a million. But why talk of "criminal uses of wealth?" Because one may be quite as selfish and dishonest in wrongfully using as in wrongfully getting. Husbands and wives may really steal from each other and from the household in order to spend on personal gratifications. The man will have his beer and tobacco, and the woman her gewgaws and fripperies, even if house and children are robbed of things necessary to their welfare. Why not call it a breach of trust? But the waste of means, on the part of those who can least afford it, often results from mere light-mindedness. Not a few people ought to appreciate the feeling of the colored sister who had come into possession of a very small fortune. She pranced away to the village store, with the coins burning in her palm, and asked, in a glow of self-importance: "What has ye got, honey, that I c'n buy for two cents?"

A recent surgical case in Baltimore demonstrates that a man may have suddenly shot into his head a chisel 5½ inches long, one inch wide and one-fourth inch thick and not know it is there until he suffers from a stiff neck and an impediment in his speech. The man in the case is a machinist who was at work with rapidly revolving chisels. They were flung out and his face, as he supposed, wounded in two places. Three weeks later his sensations were so unusual that the X-ray was applied and the chisel distinctly seen, with one end near the base of the nose and the sharp end almost touching the backbone. It was removed with little difficulty and the interesting patient expects soon to return to work.

The official figures in the report of the bureau of statistics, treasury department of the United States, show that there were imported last year into this country 1,539,056,750 grains of quinine, or about 20 grains for each inhabitant. More than 125,000,000 grains were consumed by the United States soldiers during the last year, and it is stated that the people of this country consume one-third of the quinine of the world.

The lowest estimate of the loss from the ravages of the pea louse in Maryland this season, given by the most conservative authority, is $3,000,000. That this enormous loss should have been attributed to a single species, especially one new to science, hardly seems possible. The loss in other states has been proportionately as great as in Maryland. Never in the history of economic entomology has a similar case been recorded.

Out of 1,100,000 in Massachusetts engaged in gainful occupations, only 37,000 are employed on Sundays. This does not include those in domestic service, but does include 18,000 persons employed on railroads and steamboats. The remaining 19,000 are employed in hotels, restaurants and other miscellaneous industries. There is no increase of Sunday labor, except in the business of transportation.

Lost—a bunch of Leonids that were billed to appear a few nights ago and failed to put in an appearance. A number of scientific searchers are trying to figure out their whereabouts, but at last accounts were still unable to locate the missing comets. The long-expected sky shooters have probably resolved themselves into leo-nits by this time.

WAGES ON THE INCREASE.

Beneficent Effects of the Wise System Which Protects American Workingmen.

A very convincing proof of the prosperity of the United States is the increase in wage-earning capacity that has come with the return of "good times." In fact, there would be no real prosperity unless this result followed, for a gain in the volume of business and vast industrial expansion unaccompanied by larger employment and better pay for labor would be an impossibility.

The Protectionist, which makes a careful study of industrial statistics, estimates on the best authority obtainable and from the most reliable returns in reply to inquiries covering the whole country that the aggregate increase in the wage-earning power of workingmen during the present year has been $150,000,000. That is, since the beginning of 1899, through the revival of commercial activity, the wage earners have received that much more than they did in 1898.

Last year was a fairly prosperous one, as conditions improved rapidly in 1897 and 1898. It is not possible to give the exact figures of wages paid to American labor, skilled and unskilled, in either year. But it is certainly safe to assume that the earnings were not less than in 1890, when the last census was taken. The official report placed the wages paid in 1890 at $2,283,216,529. The addition of $150,000,000 to that sum would bring the total up to $2,433,216,529. The bulk of this amount, of course, goes for living expenses, and that is what keeps the wheels of trade turning merrily in countless directions. But a goodly proportion of the wages earned passes into the savings banks. And upon this subject the New York Commercial has a few sensible words to say:

It is a concrete fact like this (the showing of $150,000,000 increase in wages) against which school men and theorists have to contend when they set forth the advantages of low prices and a low cost of living, with their inevitable attendant low wages. That community is always most prosperous in which high wages prevail for everything, including the value set upon brawn, as well as the cost of bread. It is contended by some badly informed persons that the majority of artisans dissipate whatever surplus wage they receive in riotous living. And the point is made that the greater the surplus the more mischief it is likely to work. That is all wrong. The increasing number of small depositors in savings banks and other institutions gives the lie to any slander upon the moral character of wage earners as a class. Wendell Phillips once said: 'The mainspring of our progress is high wages—wages at such a level that the workingman can spare his wife to preside over a house, can command leisure, go to lectures, take a newspaper and lift himself from the deadening level of mere toil.' No wonder the people have just refused to denounce by their ballots a system which has kept them well fed and made them prosperous."

The American workingman is the best paid employe in the world. And that happy condition is due to two things: To his own superior intelligence and to the wise system that protects him against the cheaper labor of foreign countries.—Troy Times.

BRYAN'S CANDIDACY.

Terrific Showing of the Country's Lack of Confidence in the Democracy.

A traveler setting out from Portland, Me., might traverse the entire continent to Portland, Ore., without putting his foot upon the soil of any democratic state or territory, save that in passing from Iowa to Kansas he would be obliged to cross the southwestern corner of the state of Nebraska—Bryan's state—which has just been carried by populists and democratic candidates representing his principles. Our neighbor, the World, publishes a map of the union with those states and territories which at their most recent elections have been carired by the republicans printed in dark shading, the democratic states being white. As democratic there appear only the old southern states, minus West Virginia and Kentucky, but reenforced by Missouri, Nebraska, Colorado, Utah, Nevada, Idaho and Montana. Nineteen states are democratic, and the rest, including all the most populous states, are republican.

Put in tabular form, with the electoral votes of each state given, the account stands thus:

Republican States.	Electoral Votes.	Democratic States.	Electoral Votes.
California	9	Alabama	11
Conecticut	6	Arkansas	8
Delaware	3	Colorado	4
Illinois	24	Florida	4
Indiana	15	Georgia	13
Iowa	13	Idaho	3
Kansas	10	Louisiana	8
Kentucky	13	Maryland	8
Maine	6	Mississippi	9
Massachusetts	15	Missouri	17
Michigan	14	Montana	3
Minnesota	9	Nebraska	8
New Hampshire	4	Nevada	3
New Jersey	10	North Carolina	11
New York	36	South Carolina	9
North Dakota	3	Tennessee	12
Ohio	23	Texas	15
Oregon	4	Utah	3
Pennsylvania	32	Virginia	12
Rhode Island	4		
South Dakota	4		
Vermont	4		
West Virginia	6		
Wisconsin	12		
Washington	4		
Wyoming	3		
Total	285	Total	162

This is a terrific showing of the country's want of confidence in the party of Bryan. And it does not tell the whole story, for it is not open to question that Maryland would vote against him should he be again nominated. Montana and Idaho, even, following the example of Wyoming and South Dakota, might return to the republican column. On the other hand, should Washington, Wyoming and South Dakota give their votes to Bryan, as they did in 1896, the defection of those states would be nearly offset by Maryland, so that the table we give above represents the full strength of Bryan in the union. The wildest dreamer, the most irresponsible visionary that ever invaded a political headquarters, could not take the map of the union as the states stand to-day and figure out a majority or anything like a majority of the electoral college for Bryan.—N. Y. Times (Dem.).

BRYAN LOSING SUPPORT.

Democrats Are Coming to the Conclusion That the Cheap Money Moses Won't Do.

A good many democrats, now that they fully comprehend the import of the recent elections, are disposed to express grave doubts regarding the candidacy of Mr. Bryan. Among others the two senators from Virginia are reported as adverse to the renomination of Mr. Bryan because he would be doomed to defeat at the outset. There has been no more strenuous advocate of sixteen to one than Senator Daniel, of that state. These democrats who are saying since the election that "Bryan will not do"—and there are many such—are not fair to the traveling candidate for the presidency. They were entirely willing that Mr. Bryan should make an experiment with nonexpansion or anti-imperialism or militarism as an issue. Some weeks before the election there was a conference in Chicago of those opposed to the president's Philippine policy. The men of national reputation, chiefly independents, who opposed Mr. Bryan in 1896 were reported to be either present or consenting to the action that should be taken. These men then declared that the silver question should not stand as a buffer between McKinley and his Philippine policy, as the expansion policy of the president was infinitely more dangerous to the liberties of the people than the free coinage of silver. Mr. Carl Schurz was very vehement in this sort of declaration. Some of them declared that they would support Mr. Bryan as against the war policy of the president. The Springfield (Mass.) Republican declared that each word of Mr. Schurz's speeches was worth a thousand votes against the policy of expansion. In short, all the sympathizers with Aguinaldo did whatever they could to induce Mr. Bryan to champion the cause of Aguinaldo in some form. He accepted the suggestions and advice of these men. He wabbled about expansion and the declaration of independence, and finally came out strong against imperialism, and particularly against militarism.

In the late elections, except Nebraska, the country declared for the president's policy where it had been made an issue. Most of those who encouraged Mr. Bryan to assail the president's policy now admit that any phase of the question of expansion will not do in 1900 unless the president shall make some blunder. Nor do they stop there; they turn upon Mr. Bryan and say that they will be sure to be defeated in 1900 with his sixteen to one and his additional blunder of militarism. This sort of desertion is simply contemptible. — Indianapolis Journal.

PLAIN VERDICT OF OHIO.

A Positive Indorsement of the President's Policy in the Philippine Matter.

There is attempt to cheapen the republican victory in Ohio and to argue that it should not be regarded as an indorsement of President McKinley's policy of maintaining American rights in the Philippines. The position thus advanced is not tenable. Ohio's expression is in essence a formal and unequivocal approval of the administration's course throughout.

The result in Ohio means that whatever there may be of differences of opinion as to the future disposition of the islands; whatever form of government congress may, in its wisdom, conclude to establish there, the president is upheld by the American people, is supported by the republican party in the able and patriotic manner in which he has discharged this duty thrust upon him by the fortunes of war, waged in the cause of humanity and the establishment of civil liberty on the ruins of an overthrown oppression.

This was made a leading issue of the campaign by unfair and unreasonable attacks on the part of the opposition. It was accepted by the republicans, without evasion or apology. The Commercial Tribune, in advocacy of the election of Judge Nash and the republican state ticket, declared specifically and reiterated at length that a pronounced victory for the ticket must be regarded as positive indorsement of the administration's resistance of insurrection and protection of all legitimate interests in the territory that, by Dewey's victory, became our ward of war.

That which belongs to the future is of right left to future arbitrament, but that suppression of insurrection is a duty of the present that may not be shirked or slighted is not to be gainsaid. This is one of the significant sentiments voiced by the people at the polls in Ohio, and the Commercial Tribune is in hearty accord with this sentiment, having urged it as vital that this indorsement be given by Ohio to the policy of her distinguished son—the head of the national administration.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

POLITICAL DRIFT.

☞General Prosperity and President McKinley make a combination hard to beat. The people like the firm, and have decided to continue doing business with it.—Troy Times.

☞Mr. Bryan says he will stay in politics until the lid closes on his coffin All right. The republican party wishes him many, many years of life.—Cincinnati Commercial-Tribune.

☞The balance of trade in our favor thus far this year is $370,867,157! If free trade was in operation the balance would be in favor of Europe. Protection has grandly vindicated itself. —Iowa State Register.

☞Republicans are blaming Hanna for the result in Nebraska. The blame is fully deserved. Mr. Hanna should have ordered a bigger majority for Bryanism in that state. There is even now danger that Bryan may not be the democratic nominee in 1900.—Chicago Times-Herald.

A GAIN OF $102,000,000.

It is Shown in the Receipts of Internal Revenue During the Past Year.

Washington, Nov. 29.—Commissioner George W. Wilson, of the internal revenue bureau, in his report to the secretary of the treasury of the operations of his office for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1899, shows that the receipts from all sources aggregated $273,484,573, an increase over the previous year of $102,617,000, and an increase of $3,484,573 over the estimate of the commissioner made one year ago.

Figures are presented showing that the receipts for the first four months of the current year amounted to $103,103,485, an increase over the receipts for the corresponding period last year of $9,378,307. While it may be possible, the commissioner says, that this large ratio of increase will be maintained during the current year, he is of the opinion that it would not be wise to anticipate such a result. All things considered the commissioner estimates that the receipts from all sources for the present year will approximate $285,000,000, which is about $11,500,000 in excess of the receipts for the year closed June 30, 1899.

During the last year officers of the internal revenue seized 2,190 illicit stills, and in the discharge of their duty one officer was killed and three wounded. Seven hundred and eleven persons were arrested in connection with illicit distilling, which is on the increase in certain sections of the country.

The commissioner recommends amendments to the war revenue act providing that estates in this country of persons residing abroad at the time of their death shall be taxed the same as the estates of persons residing in this country. Several other amendments to the law regarding the tax on legacies are suggested.

In order to afford better facilities for the general distribution of documentary and proprietary stamps, it is recommended that purchasers of such stamps be allowed a discount of not less than 2 per cent. when purchasing in quantities of not less than $100. It is also recommended that agricultural fairs be exempt from payment of revenue tax.

THE FRANKLIN SYNDICATE.

A Temporary Receiver is Appointed to Take Charge of Its Affairs—Miller and Leslie Elude the Police.

New York, Nov. 28.—Hubert G. Taylor, a lawyer, was yesterday appointed temporary receiver for the defunct Franklin syndicate bank by Justice Smith, of the supreme court. The application was made by W. O. Inglis, who stated that he held 12 shares in the company. According to Inglis the liabilities exceed $200,000, the only assets being about $9,000 cash in the hands of the police. Taylor was required to furnish a bond of $15,000.

Postmaster Wilson, of Brooklyn, has received an order from the postmaster general directing him to return, so far as possible, to the senders all letters addressed to the syndicate. About 1,500 pieces of mail, including over $12,000 worth of money orders, have accumulated since Saturday.

Involuntary bankruptcy proceedings against the syndicate were instituted in the United States court yesterday before Judge Thomas by attorneys representing depositors whose claims aggregate over $30,000. These bankruptcy proceedings, it is said, will take precedure over all other claims filed against the syndicate.

New York, Nov. 30.—The Kings county grand jury in a presentment to the criminal court has censured the Brooklyn police for what it terms its laxity in allowing W. F. Miller and Cecil Leslie, of the defunct Franklin syndicate, to escape. The jury holds that these men could easily have been arrested after their indictment had the police been more active.

A COSTLY BLAZE.

Fire in a Wholesale Grocery Causes a Loss of $150,000.

St. Paul, Minn., Dec. 1.—At 10 o'clock last night fire was discovered on the second floor of the large wholesale grocery of Griggs, Cooper & Co., adjoining the Union depot, one of the largest and best known concerns in the west. The flames spread rapidly and the whole fire department was called out. There are two good fire walls through the building and these saved two-thirds of the building and stock, but after a short time it was evident the section of the building where the fire started was doomed. The firm carried a stock worth at least $500,000, which was well insured. They recently opened a cracker factory in opposition to the cracker trust and this was located in the burned portion of the building.

Griggs, Cooper & Co. estimate the damage to building and stock at $150,000, which is fully covered by insurance.

The Strike Grows.

Philadelphia, Nov. 30.—In response to an appeal made by the striking workmen of Cramp's shipyard, 75 reamers, drillers and riveters yesterday laid down their tools and joined the ranks of the strikers for a nine-hour day. The strikers claim that not more than 20 reamers are now at work in the yard. It is asserted by the strikers that over 1,500 men are now out and that every department in the yard, except the pattern makers, is represented in the movement for a shorter work day and better wages.

Banker Hughes Arrested.

New York, Nov. 29.—The police last night arrested Charles D. Hughes, said to be a 'get rich quick" banker, at his office, 69 Wall street. A patrol wagon was sent to Hughes' office and it carried a load of books and papers to police headquarters. It is said that since July, 1898, about 500 complaints against Hughes have been lodged with the police, one by Delia Cooney, a servant, who said she lost $1,400 through him; another by a woman who says she lost $600. The concern Hughes ran is called the "Hughes Investment Company."

HE IS A RUSHER.

Gen. Methuen's Soldiers Again Defeat the Boers.

British Arms Achieve a Brilliant Victory at Gras Pan—Both Sides Suffer Heavily — A Great Battle Occurs at Modder River.

London, Nov. 27.—Sunday afternoon the war office posted the following dispatch, dated Cape Town, from Gen. Walker:

"Lord Methuen reports that he moved Saturday at 3:30 a. m. with the Ninth brigade; the mounted corps, the naval brigade and two batteries, the guards following with the baggage. Near Gras Pan (about ten miles north of Belmont on the railway line to Kimberly), 2,400 Boers with six guns and two machine guns opposed him. The action began at 6 a. m. Our batteries fired shrapnel very accurately till the heights seemed clear. Then the naval brigade and infantry advanced to the assault. The fighting was desperate until 10 a. m., when the heights were carried. The Boers retreated on the line, where the Ninth lancers were placed to intercept them.

"The naval brigade acted with the greatest gallantry and suffered heavily, but no particulars are yet known. The enemy showed the greatest stubbornness and must have suffered greatly. Twenty were buried. It is known that 31 were killed and 48 wounded. More than 50 horses were found dead in one place.

The admiralty is in receipt of the following dispatch from Rear Admiral Harris, dated Cape Town: "I deeply regret to report the following casualties in the action at Gras Pan: Killed, Commander Ethelston of the Powerful, Maj. Plumbe, of the Doris, Capt. —— of the Monarch; wounded, Flag Captain Prothero, of the Doris, severely; Lieut. Jones, of the Doris. The other casualties are not yet known."

Orange River, Nov. 29.—The British arms have achieved a brilliant victory. The enemy, strongly entrenched, held a range of hills commanding both sides of the railway at Rooilaagte, near Gras Pan. The Lancashires reconnoitered in an armored train on Friday. The Boers shelled the train, killing two men. Gen. Metheun then advanced. His column made a detour and bivouacked for the night at Swinkspan, three miles from the Boer position. At dawn the advance began. The column debouched on the plain eastward of the Boer kopjes. The Boer guns opened fire. Two batteries of British artillery posted on each side shelled the Boers, practice being good on both sides.

The Boers stuck to their positions, firing steadily and accurately. The duel, which constantly became hotter, lasted three hours. The Boer shells wounded several men of the naval brigade. Finding it impossible to displace the Boers by artillery, Gen. Methuen resolved upon an infantry attack. A brigade of infantry, with the naval brigade on the right, gallantly stormed the Boer positions in the face of a withering fire, and carried hill after hill, the brigade under Col. Money capturing the main position against a terrific fire, but suffering severely.

London, Nov. 30.—Twelve hours' reflection upon Lord Methuen's brief dispatch concerning the battle of Modder river has only served to increase public anxiety and suspense. All kinds of speculation are indulged in. In the absence of any indication as to whether the Boers occupied the north or south bank of Modder river, the best opinion inclines to the latter theory.

The Post's military correspondent, who has usually shown great ability, suggests that the Boers are still on the south side of the river and that the bridge is in their hands. He points out "the great danger to the small British force which crossed on pontoons."

The importance attached to this pontooning operation is proved by the fact that Gen. Carew, one of the only two brigadier generals, was selected to superintend it. Gen. Methuen's account of the battle follows:

"Modder River, Nov. 28.—Reconnoitered at 5 a. m., enemy's position on Modder river and found them strongly entrenched and concealed. No means of outflanking, the river being full. Action commenced with artillery, mounted infantry and cavalry. Ninth brigade on left, attacked position in widely extended formation at 6:30 and, supported by the artillery, found itself in front of the whole Boer force, 8,000 strong.

"The naval brigade rendered great assistance from the railway. After desperate fighting, which lasted ten hours, our men without water or food in the burning sun, made the enemy quit his position."

London, Dec. 1.—Beyond the report from Estcourt that firing was heard in the direction of Ladysmith on Monday, there is not a shred of news of any kind from the seat of war. A semi-official statement has been issued that Gen. Methuen's wound is not serious and that he is expected to be all right in the course of a few days. It is certain, however, that the wound will prevent his being in the saddle and there is great anxiety to know whether he will be compelled temporarily to abandon the personal direction of affairs. His next in command is Col. Colville.

Labor Leader Goes to Jail.

Ft. Scott, Kan., Nov. 28.—In the federal court here Monday John P. Reese of Albia, Ia., a member of the national executive board of the United Mine Workers of America, was adjudged guilty of contempt and sentenced by Judge Williams to serve three months imprisonment in the federal prison here and to pay a fine of $100 and several hundred dollars in costs. He is now in prison. Reese with a score or more of other union men ignored an injunction of the court against going upon the property of "Big Four" mining companies.

"Do It and Stick to It."

If you are sick and discouraged with impure blood, catarrh or rheumatism, take Hood's Sarsaparilla faithfully and persistently, and you will soon have a cure. This medicine has cured thousands of others and it will do the same for you. Faithfully taken,

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Fashion may come and fashion may go, but the idulgent father of several daughters goes right on forever—paying large millinery bills.—Chicago Dispatch.

Winter in the South.

The season approaches when one's thoughts turn toward a place where the inconveniences of a Northern winter may be escaped. No section of this country offers such ideal spots as the Gulf Coast on the line of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad between Mobile and New Orleans. It possesses a mild climate, pure air, even temperature and facilities for hunting and fishing enjoyed by no other section. Accommodations for visitors are first-class, and can be secured at moderate prices. The L. & N. R. R. is the only line by which it can be reached in through cars from Northern cities. Through car schedules to all points in Florida by this line are also perfect. Write for folders, etc., to Jackson Smith, D. P. A., Cincinnati, O.

Two-thirds of the stealing done nowadays goes under another name.—Chicago Daily News.

Coughing Leads to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the Cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Large bottles 25 and 50 cents. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

When you see a man eager to confess a small fault the chances are he has a larger one to conceal.—Chicago Daily News.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Life's path is always strewn with thorn to the man who misconstrues.—Chicago Dispatch.

The Public Awards the Palm to Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar for coughs. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

[LETTER TO MRS. PINKHAM NO. 94,398]

"I am so grateful to you for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me that I feel as though I must tell about it. A year ago I was taken very sick. Doctors could do me no good only to deaden the pain which I had almost constantly. I got some of your Compound and took one bottle and received benefit from it at once. I have taken it ever since and now have no backache, no pain in my side and my stomach and bowels are perfectly well. I can honestly say that there is nothing like it. If I could only tell every woman how much good your medicine has done me, they would surely try it."—MARTHA M. KING, NORTH ATTLEBORO, MASS.

Women Would Surely Try Mrs. Pinkham's Medicine if They Only Knew, Says Mrs. King

The way women trifle with health shows a degree of indifference that is past understanding. Happiness and usefulness depend on physical health; so does a good disposition. Disease makes women nervous, irritable and snappish. The very effort of ailing women to be good-natured makes them nervous. Write to Mrs. Pinkham, she will help you to health and happiness.

It costs nothing to get Mrs. Pinkham's advice. Her address is Lynn, Mass.

DO YOU COUGH DON'T DELAY TAKE KEMP'S BALSAM THE BEST COUGH CURE

It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Price, 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

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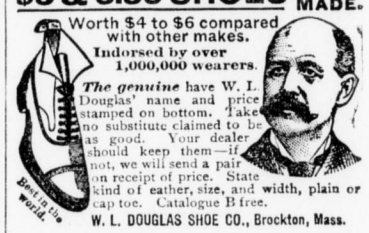

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DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY: gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box D, Atlanta, Ga.

HARD ON CRIMINALS.

Rev. Cyrus F. Wixon Advances a Startling Idea.

He Favors the Extermination of All Lawbreakers Guilty of Capital or State Prison Offenses by Means of Chloroform.

Rev. Cyrus F. Wixon, a retired Methodist clergyman, of Newburg, N. Y., recently announced at a meeting of a Chautauqua circle that he was in favor of the extermination of criminals. Asked how he would exterminate them, he replied to a New York Herald reporter:

"The guillotine is too bloody, hanging is too violent and electrocution is too uncertain and expensive. We don't know how much the criminal suffers. When a criminal has committed two offenses I would chloroform him. I don't think it is right that a hundred thousand criminals should be saddled on the pockets of taxpayers. Criminologists say that crime is hereditary. Yes, I would chloroform them."

Rabbi Hartog Veld asked Mr. Wixon if he did not think there was a chance for reform.

"There is not one criminal in a hundred that is ever reformed," replied Mr. Wixon.

"You are older than I," rejoined Dr. Veld, "and though I have had experience as a prison chaplain I will not contradict you," and then the matter was dropped.

Rev. Mr. Wixon is a mild-mannered, benign looking gentleman, about 65 years old. When asked to define the line of offenses which he considered called for the death penalty he replied:

"As to what classes of people should be subjected to capital punishment, I would include those whose offenses are adjudged capital now, also state prison offenses. Capital punishment should be inflicted in those cases after the second offense. I may add that there are some state prison offenses which I consider should be capital crimes, such as polygamy and cases of great violence."

In response to a question as to how he would carry out this proposition Rev. Mr. Wixon said:

"In the first place it would be necessary for some of the laws on our

REV. CYRUS F. WIXON.
(He Favors the Extermination of All Habitual Criminals.)

statute books to be repealed and new legislation would be needed. That is, laws should be enacted that would be in harmony with the infliction of the penalty I have prescribed.

"I think that the motive for the line of legislation I propose is the protection of property and the safety of the citizen. The present legislation on this subject is a failure. In support of this statement I will say that while the population has increased 20 per cent. crime has increased 33 per cent.

"I do not think it right, after a brief period of incarceration, to turn criminals loose upon the community, to the great danger of the public. Neither do I consider it the proper thing to do to support them in penal institutions at the expense of the honest taxpayers of the land. And I certainly do not consider it wise or just to allow criminals to disturb the rate of wages outside of prisons by self-support. Above all things I would urge that the execution of the death penalty should speedily follow conviction."

When the question was put to Mr. Wixon as to his opinion on the subject of heredity in crime, he said:

"Specialists and experts in criminology have repeatedly emphasized the fact that crime is incurable and hereditary.

"There are others, who have labored for the reformation of the criminal and lower classes, who tell us that not to exceed one per cent. are ever reformed. If it is not our desire to maintain this class of people at the expense of those who are honest, what are we going to do about it? Perhaps my views are not in harmony with those of clergymen generally. In fact, I do not know of any other clergyman who holds them. And they are not likely to prove popular with the clerical brethren. But while I feel that I am in the right about it I am fully satisfied."

New King of the Gypsies.

At Yetholm, in Scotland, a man named Faa was crowned king of the gypsies in succession to his late mother, who was known as Queen Esther. The crown of tin and tinsel was placed on his head by the village blacksmith, whose family is said to possess the hereditary right of crowning the gypsy sovereigns. The "king" rode in a carriage drawn by six asses.

Paris Exposition Fees.

The admission fees to the Paris exposition will be before ten a. m., two francs, or about 40 cents, to the entire exhibition; between the hours of ten a. m. and six p. m., a franc will be the charge, and after six p. m., on week days, two francs, while on Sundays the fee is not to be raised for the evening hours.

SIR REDVERS BULLER.

Commander in Chief in South Africa Is Twelfth on the List of British Generals.

The list of field marshals in the British army is headed by the queen's cousin, the duke of Cambridge; and her son, the prince of Wales, is second. Her son-in-law, Prince Christian, is among those who hold the rank of general; and her son, the duke of Connaught, is third.

It is needless to say, remarks the Youth's Companion, that not one of these is ever called upon for active service in th field. When there is a war, great o small, a trained soldier is

SIR REDVERS BULLER.
(From the Latest Photograph of the British Leader in South Africa.)

chosen, and it is the British policy to give opportunity to as many as possible to distinguish themselves. Lord Wolseley won his repute in the Ashanti war and in Egypt; Lord Roberts in India and Afghanistan; and Lord Kitchener in the Soudan.

Now the command in South Africa went to Sir Redvers Buller, the twelfth on the list of generals—a man who has seen service in China, in Canada, and in the Ashanti, Kaffir and Zulu wars. He can append a long string of letters to his name—"K. C. M. G.," "G. C. B.," and the two magic letters which he doubtless prizes more than all the rest, "V. C." For Sir Redvers won the Victoria cross by two most conspicuous acts of personal bravery on one day during the Zulu campaign.

He is not a young man, for he has passed his sixtieth birthday. Nor is he a popular commander in the usual sense of that term. He is tall and powerfully built, and looks the soldier he is—a commander who will stop at nothing, and who expects the men under his command to exhibit the same cool bravery that characterizes him.

His manners are abrupt and his disposition is combative. The story is told that he had a controversy with Lord Charles Beresford, during the Nile campaign, as to the proper channel to take in descending a cataract. Sir Redvers carried his point and the steamboat passed the cataract safely.

"You see," said Sir Redvers, "mine was the right course."

"Oh," replied Sir Charles, "it was my choice, too. I only recommended the other because I knew you would oppose whatever I said."

PRESIDENT OF SENATE.

William P. Frye Will Occupy the Position on Account of Vice President Hobart's Death.

William P. Frye was born at Lewiston, Me., September 2, 1831; graduated at Bowdoin college, Maine, 1850; studied and practiced law; was a member of the state legislature in 1861, 1862 and 1867; was mayor of Lewiston in 1866 and 1867; was attorney general of the state of Maine in 1867, 1868 and 1869; was elected a member of the national republican executive committee in 1872, and reelected in 1876 and 1880; was elected a trustee of Bowdoin college in June 1880, re-

WILLIAM P. FRYE.
(Presiding Officer of the United States Senate.)

ceived the degree of LL. D. from Bates college in July, 1881, and the same degree from Bowdoin college in 1889; was a presidential elector in 1864; was a delegate to the national republican conventions in 1872, 1876 and 1880; was elected chairman of the republican state committee of Maine in place of Hon. James G. Blaine, resigned, in November, 1881; was elected a representative in the Forty-second, Forty-third, Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh congresses; was elected to the United States senate as a republican, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of James G. Blaine, appointed secretary of state, took his seat March 18, 1881; was reelected in 1883, in 1888, and again in 1895, receiving every vote with one exception, in both branches of the legislature; elected president pro tem. of the senate, February 7, 1896, was a member of the commission which met in Paris, September, 1898, to adjust terms of peace between the United States and Spain. His term of service will expire March 3, 1901.

SAVED BY AGUINALDO.

American Prisoners Would Have Been Shot to Death Had Not the Insurgent Leader Interfered.

Manila, Dec. 1.—When the landing party from the United States battleship Oregon took the town of Vigan, province of South Ilocos, last Sunday it found there an escaped prisoner, A. L. Sonnenshein, who furnished the first authentic account of the experience of Lieut. James C. Gilmore, of the United States gunboat Yorktown, who with a party from the Yorktown was captured by the insurgents near Baler, on the east coast of Luzon, last April, while making an examination of the mouth of the river in an armed boat.

Sonnenshein was imprisoned at Abra for a long time with Lieut. Gilmore and seven sailors, but contrived to escape, carrying a concealed note, written in naval cipher, dated Abra, November 19, addressed to "any naval officer" and saying: "You may have perfect confidence in anything the bearer says." The note was signed "Gilmore." According to Mr. Sonnenshein, when Gilmore's launch entered the river from Baler harbor, under cover of Ensign W. H. Standley's gun, the landing was received with three volleys. Two of the Americans were killed and two mortally wounded. Every man was hit, Lieut. Gilmore receiving a flesh wound in the leg and his foot stuck fast in the mud. It was a choice between surrender and being slaughtered.

Gilmore asked the terms of release. The insurgents proposed that he should procure the delivery to them of the arms and munitions of the Spanish garrison, undertaking, if this was accomplished, to send the Spaniards and Americans to the Yorktown. A sailor of Lieut. Gilmore's party carried this proposition to the garrison. The Spanish commandant replied that it was an insult to Spanish arms and expelled the sailor, a soldier firing upon him as he went. The Americans were then bound hand and foot and taken to San Isidro, where Luna ordered their execution. They were marched to the plaza and in the presence of a great crowd were aligned to be executed. Lieut. Gilmore said: "As an American officer and gentleman I protest against being shot with my hands tied."

Aguinaldo interfered and prevented the execution. When Gen. Lawton approached San Isidro last June the Americans were removed to Abra, where they were kept confined in cells for two months. Subsequently they were allowed greater liberty, but the report that Lieut. Gilmore was given a house and servant is untrue. He had the same quarters as the men, and the Americans were given the same allowance as the Spanish prisoners.

A POLITICAL ALLIANCE.

Silver Republicans Plan to Make One with Anti-Expansionists in Eastern States.

Chicago, Dec. 1.—The silver republicans in conference here Tuesday and Wednesday planned, it is announced, to ally themselves with and make use of the "anti-imperialism" agitation, especially in eastern states, where the silver issue does not attract. Co-operation with Edward Atkinson's following will be sought. The purpose of the silver republicans is to gain, if possible, with this new foothold in eastern states, so that their party can more truly claim to be a national organization and thus become a more effective whip for holding the democrats to the Bryan and 16 to 1 line. This is one reason why the silver republicans went to hold a big national convention of 2,000 or more delegates next year. Confirmation of this plan came Thursday from Fred J. Dubois, former senator from Idaho, and chairman of the silver republican executive committee.

"There is no place for the republican anti-imperialists of New England to go except into our party," Mr. Dubois said. "The assured composition of the United States senate for several years convinces them that silver legislation cannot be passed for many years yet. On imperialism and kindred questions they are one with us. I am satisfied they will come to us."

A NEW WAGE SCALE.

Miners' Strike of Four Months' Duration Practically Ended by Its Acceptance.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Dec. 1.—The conference between the officials of the Susquehanna Coal Co. and a committee of the striking miners, which has been in session the past two days, ended last night. A new scale was promulgated. It is satisfactory to both sides and will terminate the long strike. The strikers now await the sanction of the officers of the United Mine Workers before returning to work. Organizer Benjamin James, who is in Nanticoke, wants the ten firemen who left their posts during the strike reinstated in the old positions. The company objects to this. The officials say they cannot overlook the action of the firemen, but as a compromise will give them other employment. It is likely that the point in dispute will be amicably settled.

The new wage scale is looked upon as a victory for the company. The prices for digging a car of coal are the same as the old scale. A few minor concessions are granted the men. The 4,000 strikers have been idle since August 5 and it is estimated that they have lost in wages $462,000.

Pierced by a Ramrod.

Pittsburg, Dec. 1.—After serving in the Spanish war and handling an old gun hundreds of times during the past eight years, Private James Starkey, of Hampton battery B, N. G. P., lost his life yesterday through the premature discharge of a cannon on Monument hill, Allegheny, while firing a salute during the ceremonies incident to the unveiling of the Spanish cannon presented to Allegheny. Two other members of the firing squad were burned by powder and slightly injured. The ramrod used in filling the gun was forced almost through Starkey's chest.

A YEAR'S WORK SUMMARIZED.

Annual Report of the Secretary of Agriculture is Made Public.

Washington, Nov. 30.—The annual report of Secretary Wilson summarizes an immense amount of valuable work done by the agricultural department during the past year.

He comments particularly on the successful extension of the weather bureau service around the Carribean sea, giving timely storm warnings to the vessels of the navy and merchant marine.

The department has gathered much information regarding the plants which supply India rubber and gutta purcha and expects during the coming year to locate in our island possessions zones suitable for the culture of these plants. The United States now imports about $30,000,000 worth of rubber annually and it is thought that a large portion of this supply can be raised in our new island possessions. The same is true of Egyptian cotton, of which we import $5,000,000 worth annually, while he thinks that $200,000,000 worth of tropical products which we now import each year can all be raised in Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines.

Irrigation work in the west has been carried on and much alkali land has been reclaimed. The secretary's recommendations in this line include irrigation experiments in the east and south outside of the arid region.

The secretary strongly recommends a more rigid inspection of our export dairy products, to counteract the injury that has been done to this trade by unscrupulous dealers in the past.

Regarding seed distribution the secretary says that there is no need for the department to come into competition with the sales of seedsmen, but that there is room for valuable work in the collection and distribution of such foreign seeds and plants as are adapted to this country, but would not be secured by private enterprise.

Tea growing experiments in South Carolina are commended, and he notes that 3,600 pounds of good tea were raised in the gardens at Summerville in the past season.

Turkestan alfalfa introduced by the department has been found a valuable forage plant in the northwest for resisting both cold and drouth. Its introduction, it is said, probably will add millions of dollars to the annual hay product of the country.

A valuable quality of rice has been introduced from Japan. It is superior to the domestic product and should it succeed in Louisiana, hundreds of thousands of dollars would be added yearly to the rice growing industry.

TAKES WOOD'S ADVICE.

Secretary of War Orders a Reduction of the Army in Cuba.

Washington, Nov. 30.—Gen. Leonard Wood had a two hours' conference with the secretary of war yesterday. After the conference Secretary Root announced that his recommendations as to the removal of troops from Cuba had been approved and that orders would be issued putting them into effect.

Gen. Wood said that in his opinion all the rumors of impending trouble in Cuba were groundless, that there was no real prospect of a revolt, and that whatever friction and discontent did exist among the Cubans was due to the recent talk of a civil governor for the island. When asked about the report of his selection for this position, Gen. Wood said:

"I do not know a thing about it. I have heard nothing of the plan for a civil governor except what I have seen in the papers. It has not been offered to me and I have not been asked for any suggestions on the subject. Whatever discontent may have arisen among the Cubans on this subject grows, I think, from their misunderstanding of the term civil governor. I rather take it that they understand it to mean a permanent American government for the island."

Concerning his mission to Washington, he said that it was merely for consultation about the reduction of the American force in the island.

"I have recommended a reduction of about 20 per cent. of the force in my department," said Gen. Wood, "that is to say the recall of the Fifteenth infantry and the removal of a squadron from each of the cavalry regiments. I think that this is perfectly feasible. When I say that Santiago is quiet, it is a fair indication of the situation throughout the island. Every revolution that has started there has started in Santiago province, and in the last war 70 per cent. of the troops were drawn from that province."

It is stated that the president has decided on the reward to be allotted to Gen. Wood when his term of service in Cuba is over. It is said that Gen. Wood is slated to succeed Gen. Sternberg as surgeon general of the army when the latter retires in June, 1900.

Important, If True.

New York, Nov. 30.—Wall street heard with incredulity the denial by high railroad officials of the report that the Pennsylvania railroad had obtained control of the Baltimore & Ohio. A Wall street news bureau yesterday published the following statement, which was regarded by many in Wall street as substantially correct: "We can state on excellent authority that the control of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad is now in the hands of Pennsylvania railroad and allied interests."

Young Gridley is Provided For.

Washington, Nov. 30.—J. V. Gridley, a son of the late Capt. Gridley, who commanded Admiral Dewey's flagship at the battle of Manila, was yesterday designated for appointment as a lieutenant in the marine corps by President McKinley. Young Gridley is too old to enter Annapolis, and the only opening for him in the navy lay in the appointment to the marine corps, but he lacked the necessary education, and, worse than all, the money for study. President McKinley and Admiral Dewey will pay his expenses in preparing for examination.

SIX KILLED AT A CROSSING.

Passenger Trains on the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Road Collide at Paterson, N. J.

New York, Nov. 30.—The eastbound Buffalo express on the Delaware, Lackawana & Western railroad, while standing outside the station at Van Winkle street crossing at Paterson, N. J., last night, was run into by a swiftly moving accommodation train bound from Phillipsburg, N. J., to Jersey City. At least six people were killed and there are now 20 injured at the hospital in Paterson, of whom some will probably die, while some of those not seriously injured were able to go to their destinations. The dead:

Alexander Craig, of Scranton, Pa., business manager of the Scranton Tribune.

Esther S. Craig, his wife.

Esther Craig, their 15-year-old daughter.

Jessie Craig, their 11-year-old daughter.

Mrs. May Roe, wife of David Roe, of Ithaca, N. Y.

Walter J. Walbrook, 19 years old, of New York City. Mr. Walbrook was a student at Cornell.

The Buffalo express was No. 6, in charge of Conductor Capwell. The Phillipsburg train was No. 96, in charge of Conductor Burke, with Engineer Reardon. The Buffalo express was waiting for a local train to move that had been delayed at the station, and the Phillipsburg accommodation was following the express but a short distance behind. The two rear cars of the express were broken to pieces, most of the passengers on them being either killed or injured. The engine of the Phillipsburg train was completely wrecked, the engineer and fireman escaping by jumping.

Apparently the engineer of the Phillipsburg accommodation did not notice that the express drew up some 300 feet west of the depot. The express was 45 minutes late and the accommodation was following very closely. When Engineer Reardon saw the lights ahead the distance was too short to avoid a collision. His train was going at full speed. The engine plunged into the rear car of the express, a Pullman coach, and plowed through the heavy timbers almost its entire length. This car was lifted from the track and pushed to the next to the last car, also a Pullman, carrying off its end and almost completely telescoping it. The engine of the Phillipsburg train was torn to pieces. The wreckage caught fire, but the flames were soon extinguished.

From the wreck came groans, shrieks and prayers for death or deliverance. It was intensely dark at the scene, and as the broken wood was taken out of the wreck it was thrown to the sides of the tracks. Then it was set on fire to furnish light for the rescuers.

The rescuers took men and women out of the wreckage in rapid succession and they were hurried away to the hospitals. In many cases it was necessary to chop away the wreckage about the injured in order to get them out. One man was found standing out.

SWEPT BY FLAMES.

Nearly $2,000,000 Worth of Property is Destroyed in the Quaker City.

Philadelphia, Nov. 30.—Nearly $2,000,000 worth of property was destroyed by two fires in the heart of the business section of this city yesterday. The greater of the two fires started in the department store of Partridge & Richardson at the southeast corner of Eighth and Filbert streets, and before the flames had been put under control they spread to adjoining property and caused a loss of about $1,700,000. While this fire was in progress another broke out four blocks away at No. 419 Market street. The loss at this fire is estimated at $110,000. The losses of the two fires are more than covered by insurance.

The Eighth street fire started in the basement of Partridge & Richardson's store from an electric spark and soon the entire building was a mass of flames. The two stores south of Partridge & Richardson's were soon gutted, and then the flames attacked the big building of the J. B. Lippincott Publishing Co. The building was completely ruined. In this building, stored away in vaults, is nearly $500,000 worth of manuscripts and plates, and it is not yet know whether they were destroyed.

ALL AT ONE TIME.

National Conventions of Democratic, Populist and Silver Republican Parties Will be Held.

Chicago, Nov. 30.—The special meeting of the national committee of the silver republican party adjourned yesterday to meet again at the call of the chairman, after having taken action that practically assures the fusion of the party with the democratic and populist parties, the indorsement of the democratic platform and the presidential candidate of that party.

Chairman Towne gave out the following official statement of the action of the committee:

"A resolution was unanimously adopted that a national convention of the silver republican party be held and the executive committee was instructed to confer with the democrats and populists in an effort to secure, if possible, the holding of all three conventions at the same time and place, and at the earliest practicable date, to the end that complete co-operation of the reform forces may be had.

Welcomed Home Their Braves.

Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 30.—The First Tennessee regiment arrived here Wednesday from San Francisco, where it was mustered out upon its return from the Philippines. The regiment came in three sections. When the first section approached the city bells were rung and whistles blown, and this was repeated upon the arrival of the other sections. After breakfast at the depot the regiment formed in line and the parade through the principal streets began. A reception and ball were given last night and swords and other gifts presented officers of the regiment.

LARGE PROBLEMS

Secretary of War's Report Deals With Them.

OUR NEW POSSESSIONS.

Outline of the Government's Plan for Insular Government.

THE HEALTH OF OUR ARMY.

Death Rate Among the Soldiers is Less Than That of Several American Cities—A Cable Should be Laid from San Francisco to Manila.

Washington, Dec. 2.—The first annual report of Secretary Root, just made public, begins with a recital of the policy followed in reorganizing the army in accordance with the necessities arising from the discharge of the state volunteers and of the men enlisted for [illegible]sh war, and gives statistics of the past and present strength of the organization, covering in that respect matters dealt with in the reports of the major general commanding and of the adjutant general.

The operations in the Philippines are next taken up and the report points out that the outbreak of last February was provoked by the insurgents and was from our standpoint unavoidable. Frequent references are made to the report of Gen. Otis to show the magnitude of the task set for him with the inadequate forces at his command when the outbreak came, and a high tribute is paid to the courage of the troops, who in the face of great hardships voluntarily consented to forego an immediate return to their homes upon the expiration of their terms of service.

A chapter tells of what has been done in Cuba by the army during the past year. Order has been maintained, distress has been alleviated, sanitation has been instituted and in all respects satisfactory progress has been made, and the part played by our troops now is but the restraining influence of their presence.

In Porto Rico the year has been devoted to administering and improving the civil government of the island and instructing the people in the rudiments of self-government.

The health of the army has been remarkably good and the report shows that the death rate among the soldiers in the Philippines from disease is only 17.2 per 1,000, considerably less than in Washington, Boston, San Francisco, New York and Baltimore. The soldiers killed in battle and dying of wounds numbered 477 and the entire mortality was 843 for the past ten months.

The secretary deals at great length with the problem of insular government. He recalls the fact that the treaty of Paris places in congress alone the determination of the civil rights and political status of the native inhabitants of the territories ceded to the United States. He argues that this limitation deprives these people of the right to have the islands treated as states, or as territory previously acquired has been treated, or even to assert a legal right under the provisions of the constitution, which was established for the people of the United States themselves. Nevertheless he assumes that the intention is to give them to the greatest possible extent individual freedom, self-government in accordance with their capacity, just and equal laws, an opportunity for education, for profitable industry and for development and civilization.

Concerning Cuba the report says the control which we are exercising in trust for the people of Cuba will not be continued any loneer than is necessary to enable the people to establish a suitable government to which the control shall be transferred, which shall really represent the people of Cuba and be able to maintain order and discharge international obligations.

Extended statement as to government in the Philippines is waived because of the full report which will be presented by the Philippine commission. Reference is made to the negotiation by Gen. Bates of the treaty with the sultan of Sulu and it is pointed out that it is not only subject to congressional approval, but the sultan has been informed that such approval did not carry with it the consent of the United States to the existence of slavery in the islands.

A strong recommendation is made for the laying of a Pacific cable as a matter of great military and political importance. The cost of such a cable is placed at not exceeding $8,500,000, running by way of Hawaii, Wake island and Guam from San Francisco to Manila.

One of the most important chapters of the report deals with the subject of army reorganization and on this point the secretary makes some most radical recommendations, pointing out the inadequacy of the present system and insufficiency of the force.

A New Trust Is Planned.

Pittsburg, Dec. 2.—An attempt is being made to consolidate all of the iron and enamelling factories in the belt which reaches from the Allegheny mountains to the Mississippi river. It is proposed to effect a consolidation of the leading companies that make enamelled ware, such as bath tubs, wash stands, and laundry and bath room equipment and then buy out the smaller concerns. The capital stock will be about $10,000,000.

Molders' Strike Renewed.

Pittsburg, Dec. 2.—The strike of iron molders for a minimum wage rate of $3 a day was renewed Friday at five of the largest foundries, and operations were suspended at 25 other foundries last night.

Cameron County Press.

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD.

HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Manager.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance.....$1 50

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year or for six or three months are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2 00; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices ten cents per line for one insertion, five cents per line for each subsequent consecutive incertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, ten cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business Cards, five lines or less, $5.00 per year over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising

No local inserted for less than 75 cts. per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete, and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO Law Printing.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

POINTED COMMENT.

Now that the gold standard is to be made a part of the national law there will be one more octopus for the Bryanites to fight.

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As yet there has been no extensive demand for caskets in Kentucky. On second thought evidently the politicians down there have decided to reserve their fire.

***

It is possible that next year Mr. Edward Aguinaldo Atkinson may employ his time and talents in keeping down the expansion of the English sparrow in Boston.

***

It is time to rouse up to the importance of a better merchant marine. It is a disgrace to the United States that nine per cent. of our foreign trade is all that is carried in American vessels.

***

Among the most important matters to come before Congress this winter are the Nicaraguan canal and Pacific cable projects. Both are deserving of the earliest consideration by all patriotic legislators.

***

Admiral Dewey having announced his preference for the Presidential nomination next year, an increase of salary awaits the reporter fortunate enough to secure an expression of Mrs. Dewey's proference.

***

Democracy, degenerate though it may be, cannot afford to stand as a sponsor for Mormonism, and Mr. Roberts will no doubt make a mistake if he depends upon Democrats to keep him in the House of Representatives.

***

The sincerity of Russia's desire for universal peace may be measured accurately by her indefatigable attempts to secure loans for increasing her military forces. What a grand old comedy that Peace Conference at The Hague was anyway.

***

It is probable that Mr. Bryan has been deceived relative to the extent of the anti-imperialist sentiment in New England by the clamor of the antis. His coming trip will disillusionize him even if the returns from Massachusetts did not do so.

***

Mr. Bryan may find enlightenment in journeying through New England and noting the substantial increase of savings bank deposits and the absence of the soup houses which distinguished the East during the memorable period from 1893 to 1896 when that other man "greater than his party" was President.

***

Dr. Van Holleben, the German Ambassador to this country, hastens to assure us that Germany intends to maintain the open door in China. Nevertheless it will behoove Uncle Sam to keep an eye on Kaiser Wilhelm whenever a foe sufficiently formidable arises to cause trouble for Uncle Sam. Americans have not yet forgotten the embarassments encountered by Admiral Dewey at Manila because of the impudent interference of the German Admiral.

Organization of trusts goes merrily on in free-trade England, quite to the confusion of those who asserted a few months ago that the protective system was the only soil in which trusts could flourish. British newspapers bristle with announcements of the formation of new trusts and great corporations of this character, while reports from other European countries, show that the trust is not in any sense peculiar to the United States, but that its development comes with business activity and production on a great scale wherever these conditions exist.

"The time has passed for the people of the United States to discuss the question of what is to be done with the Philippines. We drove out the Spaniards who had been the governing power nearly four hundred years. For us to withdraw would leave a condition of anarchy, and foreigners who own property in the Philippines would have certainly a strong moral claim against the United States for their losses. Americans will find this an excellent fleld for their energies and the wealth producing powers of these islands will be great."—Letter from Gen. Joe Wheeler in Philippines.

Glorious News

Comes from Dr. D. B. Cargile, of Washita, I. T. He writes: "Four bottles of Electric Bitters has cured Mrs. Brewer of scrofula, which had caused her great suffering for years. Terrible sores would break out on her head and face, and the best doctors could give no help; but her cure is complete and her health is excellent. This shows what thousands have proved—that Electric Bitters is the best blood purifier known. Its the supreme remedy for eczema, tetter, salt rheum, ulcers, boils and running sores. It stimulates, liver, kidneys and bowels, expels poisons, builds up the strength. Only 50c. Sold by L. Taggart, Druggist. Guaranteed.

Huston Hill.

John Williams and A. S. Bailey have commenced their pine job.

The singing rendered by C. L. Williams and Miss Madge Miller last Sunday was a grand success.

The Huston Hill school, under the able direction of Miss Myrta Hill, is proving a great success.

A. S. Hicks, the great deer slayer returned from the wilds of Mix Rnn last Friday with a four-prong buck.

Lelo Williams aud Myrta Hill are visiting among friends and relatives this week at Huntley and Grove Hill.

C. L. Williams, of Huston Hill, is driving team for County Commissioner-elect A. W. Mason. C. L. is a first-class teamster and knows how to handle the ribbons.

A R.

***

Sizerville.

Editor Press:—

The village blacksmith has resigned and gone.

Flynn & O'Brien, the junk buyers, have about wound up their business for the season.

Mr. Paterson shipped his first car of barrel heads to-day. He expects to run night and day.

Charles Weller explains it all from A Z, as follows: "Dey vas no use us poor devils trying to get into office ven ve don't stant in mit dose big bugs."

H. C. Crawford has the contract of cutting all the pine timber of the Pennsylvania Joint Land and Lumber Co., near hear. H. C. is an old hand at pine.

Miss Byrde Taggart is much elated over the advancement of her pupils in music. The young lady exerts every effort to have them attain perfection in the art.

Frank Villiled, a faithful employe of the W. N. Y. & P. Ry., returned to his sunny home in Italy. Frank carries the esteem and kind remembrance of us all, and will return when the robins nest again.

The engineers have located the new B. & S. R. R. down Cowley Run, and gone home. The new line crosses R. McDowell's farm. He will now have a railroad nearer than the W. N. Y. & P.

KIT.

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Beechwood.

George Leavitt visited Emporium friends last week.

Mrs. C. Cole visited friends at Rolfe, last Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. John Kirkpatrick, of New Castle, N B., is visiting relatives here.

Mrs. D. C. Kirkpatrick visited friends in Benezette on Thanksgiving day.

Now that hunting season is nearly over the jolly sportsmen are becoming scarce.

Robert Armstrong, one of our enterprising farmers, transacted business in Emporium last Saturday.

Several of our young people attended the "hop" given by Mr. Bush, of Howard, on Thanksgiving evening.

"Billy" McDonald is rushing his bark job and makes things look old fashioned from the large number of cars he is shipping.

Miss Sadie Painter and Miss Anna Evers, our popular school teachers, attended the directors meeting at Emporium Saturday.

Our town suffered quite a loss recently in the destruction of the Excelsior Mill, by fire. This makes the second mill that has burned here within a few years.

The people of Beechwood were shocked to hear of the sudden death of Wm. Prentice, last Thursday morning. Deceased had been ailing for some time but of late seemed to be improving. Interment was made in Emporium cemetery.

SNOBT.

My son has been troubled for years with chronic diarrhoea. Some time ago I persuaded him to take some of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. After using two bottles of the 25-cent size he was cured. I give this testimonial, hoping some one similarly afflicted may read it and be benefitted.—THOMAS C. BOWER, Glencoe, O. For sale by L. Taggart, Druggist. dec

Will Lumber Ever be Cheap Again.

From the Cleveland Leader.

It is already a fair question whether or not lumber will ever be cheap, as values were rated less than one year ago. No sound judge of economic and industrial conditions can doubt that many staples will lose much of the advance made in the past ten months. It is inevitable, in the nature of things. With timber and all its products the case is different. The darkening shadow of inadequate or very expensive supplies lies over the trade in merchandise which comes from the forests. It will not be permanently lifted by any known agency.

With population and production of all kinds fast increasing and the country gradually filling up, the demand for timber and wood of all kinds will naturally increase. That means heavier drafts upon the forests, and the best possible care of our remaining sources of supply can hardly make lumber cheap and plentiful, in the old sense. There may be temporary depression in the market, but reactions from too sudden and violent advances in the price level will scarcely last long.

Under such conditions it is the imperative duty of all governmental and educational authorities to do what they can to guard against the threatened lack of timber in the United States. There is no plainer responsibility.

Discovered by a Woman.

Another great discovery has been made and that too, by a lady in this country. "Disease fastened itself upon her and for seven years she withstood its severest, but her vital organs were undermined and death seemed imminent. For three months she coughed incessantly, and could not sleep. She finally discovered a way to recovery by purchasing of us a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, and was so much relieved on taking first dose, that she slept all night, and with two bottles has been absolutely cured. Her name is Mrs. Luther Lutz." Thus writes W. C. Hamnick & Co., of Shelby, N. C. Trial bottles free at L. Taggart's drug store. Regular size 50c, and $1. Every bottle guaranteed.

WASHINGTON.

Special Low-Rate Excursions via Pennsylvania Railroad.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company announces that on December 23, February 21, March 15, and April 7, it will run special excursions from points on the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, Erie to Lock Haven, inclusive, to Washington, for the benefit of all who may wish to visit the National Capitol. Round-trip tickets, good going on all regular trains on day of issue, and good returning on any regular train within ten days, exclusive of going date, will be sold at rate of $10 from Erie, St. Marys and intermediate points; $8.95 from Drittwood; $8.15 from Renovo; $7.30 from Lock Haven; and proportionate rates from other points.

Holders of special excursion tickets to Washington, can purchase at the Pennsylvania Railroad Ticket Offices in Washington, excursion tickets to Richmond at rate of $4 00 and to Old Point Comfort (all rail) at $6.00; from the pursers of the Northfolk and Washington Steamboat Company, excursion tickets (not including meals and staterooms on steamers) to Old Point Comfort or Northfolk, Va., at $3.50, and to Virginia Beach, Princess Anne Hotel, at $4.50; and at the Washington, Alexandria and Mt. Vernon Electric Railway Company, excursion tickets to Mt Vernon and return at rate of 50 cents.

For full information consult small handbills, apply to ticket agents, or address E. S. Harrar, Division Ticket Agent, Williamsport, Pa.. 1519-41-18t

A SURE CURE FOR CROUP.

Twenty-Five Year's Constant Use Without a Failure.

The first indication of croup is hoarseness, and in a child subject to that disease it may be taken as a sure sign of the approach of an attack. Following this hoarseness is a peculiar rough cough. If Chamberlain's cough remedy is given as soon as the child becomes hoarse, or even after the croupy cough appears, it will prevent the attack. It is used in many thousands of homes in this broad land and never disappoints the anxious mothers. We have yet to learn of a single instance in which it has not proved effectual. No other preparation can show such a record—twenty-five years' constant use without a failure. For sale by L. Taggart. dec

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting Borough Council, Dec. 4, 1899.

Present: Messrs. Warner, Burns, Catlin, Schweikart, Shafer, Burke, Strayer, Lloyd. Absent: Mr. Palmer.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

Moved by Mr. Shafer, seconded by Mr. Burke, that exoneration of taxes for 1897 be referred to committee appointed for that purpose to confer with tax collector and report at next meeting. Carried.

Chair appointed Messsrs. Burns, Catlin and Schweikart as committee.

The committee appointed to investigate the sewer of H. W. Graham was continued.

On motion by. Mr. Catlin, seconded by Mr. Warner, the following bills were ordered paid:

Emporium Water Co., to Jan. 1st, 1900	$560 00
St. Marys GasCo., to Jan. 1st, 1900	35 00
C. B. Howard & Co., invoice,	28 42
T. F. Moore, work on bridge,	4 00
O. S. Peters, hauling hose cart,	3 00
David Marshall, work on streets,	75
John Welsh, work on streets	1 50
John Kline, work on streets,	75
Thos. Cavanaugh, work on streets,	3 00
E. L. Rendt, work on streets,	75
Frank Burnell, work on streets,	75
Andrew Kriner, work on streets,	75

Treasurer's report was read and ordered placed on file.

Petition for side walk on east side of Maple street from Fourth street to railroad was read and it was moved by Mr. Burke and seconded by Mr. Lloyd, that same be laid over indefinately

The ayes and nays were called and the following vote taken: Ayes—Messrs. Warner, Catlin, Schweikart, Burke, Strayer, Lloyd.—6. Nays—Burns, Shafer.—2. Carried

On motion the Council then adjourned.

C. JAY GOODNOUGH, Sec'y.

Israel P. Jones.

Israel P. Jones died at his residence on East Second street on Tuesday evening, Nov. 21, after an illness of several months. He was born in Scipio, Cayuga county, N. Y., May 14, 1818. He learned the trade of brick and stone masonry, and married Miss Amy Starks. He removed to the village of Corning in 1840, and had ever since resided here. He was a very industrious man and was constantly engaged in work, as he was a good workman. In building, repairing or finishing his work gave much satisfaction, as it was done honorably and with the desire to be strictly honest. Thus "I. P. Jones" won and held the reputation of doing as he agreed in all contracts. He was an amiable man and had the good will of all acquaintances. He was highly respected for his good qualities. He was a patriotic citizen; none more so. ** He retained a lively interest in current news. He had been an enthusiastic Republican since the party was formed in 1856, and was thoroughly intelligent on the public questions of the day. He leaves three daughters and two sons: Mrs. Elizabeth Easterbrooks, of Emporium, Pa.; Mrs. Ida Jacobs of Corning; Mrs. Ella Winchester, of Wellsville, N. Y., Nelson Jones and George W. Jones, of Corning.

The funeral will be at his residence on Friday at 2 p. m., and the burial in Hope Cemetery.—Corning (N .Y.) Daily Journal, Nov. 22.

SOLID TRAINS TO NORTHERN MICHIGAN.

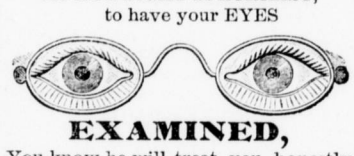
The Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway is now running solid trains of palace sleeping cars, dining cars (serving meals *a la carte*) and first-class day coaches, through from Chicago to Calumet, Houghton, Hancock and other points in the Copper Country without change of cars, with direct connection for Marquette, Negaunee, Ishpeming, etc., and passengers from the East, South and Southwest will find this a most desirable route.

All coupon ticket agents sell tickets via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway. 41-2t

What's in a Name?

JUST THIS.

When you go to J. D. KILLHEFFER, the EYE SIGHT SPECIALIST, to have your EYES



EXAMINED,

You know he will treat you honestly and fit you with the proper Glasses.

Will be at Store of

R. H. HIRSCH.

Emporium, Pa.,
THURSDAY, DECEMBER 7th, 1899.

Home Office and Factory, 1018 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
BELLATI, KILLHEFFER & Co., Ltd., Opticians.

S. E. MURRY,
PRACTICAL
PLUMBER, GAS
AND
STEAM FITTER.

I have recently added an entirely new line of Plumbing Goods to my already large stock. I handle and keep constantly in stock

GAS AND
STEAM FITTINGS,
SEWER PIPES,
GAS STOVES, ETC.

My store room is well supplied with Bath Tubs, Wash Stands, Gas Lamps and anything required in my trade. Contracts taken for all lines of work; satisfaction guaranteed. Write me when you have any work in my line.
Out of town orders promptly attended to.

S. E. MURRY.

Greeting

We are having a big trade in groceries and meats, the biggest we ever remember.

WHY?

Because we do business on business principles. We cater alike to the masses and carry a line of goods to suit the purse of the poorest or the fastidious taste of the richest.

We carry a complete line of Groceries and Meats and the quality is always the best.

Give us a call.

Alex. McDougall,

Groceries and Meat.

Emporium, Pa.

ELECTION NOTICE.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
Emporium, Pa., Dec. 6th, 1899.

THE annual meeting of the Stockholders for the election of a Board of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be laid before them, will be held at the Bank on Tuesday, January 9th, 1900, between the hours of one and three in the afternoon. Polls close at three.
41-6t M. P. WHITING, Cashier.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Lucretia T. Edgecomb, Deceased.

LETTERS testamentary on the Estate of Lucretia T. Edgecomb, late of Emporium borough, Cameron county, Pennsylvania, have been granted to Henry Edgecomb, residing in said Borough, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands, will make known the same without delay.

HENRY EDGECOMB, Executor.
B. W. GREEN,
C. W. SHAFFER,
Solicitors for Executor.
Emporium, Pa., Nov. 4th, 1899.—37-6t

DON'T SPECULATE

Until you hear my plans. I am formulating syndicates of ten, which will be operated on my own system. Send two cent stamp for my booklet; "Scalping in Wall St."

COLGATE FALES & CO.,
60 Broadway, New York.
nov.

AFTER THE BATTLE

Some are found bleeding and sore, while others have a fit of the blues. Now if there should be any so unfortunate as to suffer from the effects of accidents we have the Balm for their pains and aches, let it be either for man or beast.

Our liniment and powders for horses or cattle are always the best.

Our medicines are pure and always get there. The prices are right, too.

Our patent medicine department is supplied with all the standard remedies and we can supply your on short notice.

Our toilet and fancy goods department we keep up to the times.

Our Prescription department receives our closest attention and all calls answered day or night. Just touch the button. In fact we are here to do business and serve the public.

M. - A. - ROCKWELL,
THE PHARMACIST,
EMPORIUM, PA.

FASHIONABLE AND UP-TO-DATE

Merchant Tailors

ARE

R. SEGER & CO.,

Opposite M. E. Church, Emporium, Pa.

We have prepared for the rush in business and while we are busy we always have time to serve our old patrons. NEW STYLES in piece goods for early winter are now ready for inspection. There is no use of sending to Philadelphia, Buffalo or any other place for clothing. You pay more money than we charge and goods are no better, fit no better and you send the money away from home.

OUR PRICES are up-to date and if we do not give you satisfaction we will make it right.

R. Seger & Co.,

EMPORIUM, PA.

JUST RECEIVED!

AT THE FAIR,

H. A. ZARPS & CO.,

Ladies Coats, Capes and Satin Skirts.

Fascinators,
Collarettes,
Winter Hosiery,
Winter Underwear,
Ladies Wrappers.

New and beautiful line of

China and
Glassware.

Our large Store is a

WONDERLAND ITSELF.

No Cheap Trash, but we sell at low prices.

H. A. ZARPS & CO.

NEW GOODS!
NEW GOODS!

—AT—

H. C.
OLMSTED
STORE.

We are stocking up the store with new and seasonable goods.

An elegant assortment of Ladies Capes and Jackets, on which we can save you money.

NEW DRESS GOODS,
UNDERWEAR,
HOSIERY,
GLOVES and
MITTENS,
MEN'S, BOYS', GIRLS and CHILDREN'S HATS and CAPS.

We also have a good assortment of the Assigned stock, which we are closing at great bargains.

C. JAY GOODNOUGH,

ASSIGNEE.

THE PEOPLE'S
CLOTHING
HOUSE,

Metzger Block, Opp. Postoffice,

Is giving away a SHOE POLISHING STAND to each and every purchaser of $15.00 worth of goods from our store.

The latest styles in

MEN'S AND
BOYS' CLOTHING.

The popular shapes in HATS and CAPS, including the stylish "Broadway Special" and "Electric City Special." Call and see these popular hats. None more stylish in the country. We are the exclusive agents for these celebrated hats, in Cameron county.

Our Prices are Right

Jasper Harris,

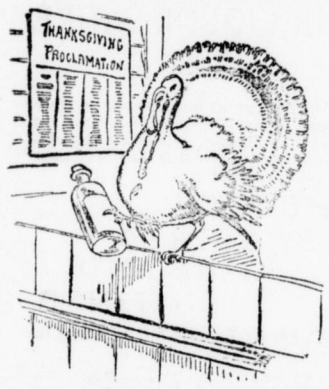
PROPRIETOR,

EMPORIUM, PA.

DR. CALDWELL'S SYRUP PEPSIN CURES CONSTIPATION.

R. C. DODSON,
—THE—
Druggist,
EMPORIUM, PA.

IS LOCATED IN THE CORNER STORE.
At Fourth and Chestnut Sts..
THANKSGIVING EXCESSES.



Thanksgiving is hard on the digestion. People eat heavily of richest sort of food and feel depressed in consequence. Don't be alarmed—there is no need for worry. Doctor will give you good advice. Will tell you what to take. Prescription he gives will be best filled by us. You get confidence by taking what he recommends. You get health from what we prepare for you from his prescription.
R. C. DODSON.

EMPORIUM
MILLING COMPANY.

PRICE LIST.
Emporium, Pa., Nov. 21, 1899.

NEMOPHILA, per sack,	$1 10
Graham, "	55
Rye, "	55
Buckwheat, "	75
Patent Meal, "	40
Coarse Meal, per 100,	95
Chop Feed, "	95
White Middlings, "	1 10
Bran, "	1 00
Corn, per bushel,	53
White Oats, per bushel,	40
Choice Clover Seed,	At Market Prices.
Choice Timothy Seed,	
Choice Millet Seed,	
Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass,	

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Contributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department, let us know by postal card, or letter, personally.

J. B. Shriever returned to Wilkesbarre on Monday.

B. C. Farrell, of Costello, was in town Monday evening.

Dr. Bradford, of Austin, was circulating among Emporium friends last Thursday.

Miss Loretta Swayne, of Austin, was guest of Miss Ella Newton, Thanksgiving day.

E. S. Watson, State Organizer of K. O. T. M., was calling on Emporiumites on Monday.

Miss Mattie M. Collins, of Driftwood, transacted business in Emporium on Monday and Tuesday.

Miss May McCarthy returned last week from an extended visit among friends at Hamilton, Ont.

We neglected to mention in our last issue, the arrival of a bouncing boy at the home of J. P. McNarney.

Ed. Cook, who has been conducting a hotel near New Castle for some months, is visiting in Emporium.

W. J. Friezer, of Washington, D. C., U. S. Fish Commissioner, registered at the Warner House on Sunday.

L. B. Seibert and Frank Andrews, of Coudersport, stopped in Emporium on Monday while en route for the south.

Geo. J. LaBar and wife ate their Thanksgiving dinner at Elmira, N. Y., with their son and daughter, Chas. Deihl and wife.

B. W. Green, Esq., has a patent plan for extracting teeth, especially when they are kicking. Henry Auchu heads the list yet, with his rat-tail file.

E. H. Hillyard and Chas. Auchu have gone to the Warner House to live, Mrs. Cavey, with whom they have boarded so long, having ceased keeping boarders.

Mrs. J. H. Ryan, of Emporium, was visiting among Port Allegany friends on Saturday last.....Dr. D. D. Colcord, of Sinnemahoning, is visiting his son, Dr. J. B. Colcord, of this borough.—Port Allegany Press.

Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Stodpard and Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Coppersmith pleasantly entertained a few friends at five o'clock dinner on Friday. The dinner was excellent add and ye editor who sparingly (?) sampled the good things has not been well all week.

A. C. Blum and wife, H. S. Lloyd and wife, Mrs. J. M. Givin, of Kane, and ye editor and wife, hugely enjoyed an invitation to attend a turkey dinner, last Sunday, with Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Hill. Of course we regretted our inability to cope with friends Hill, Blum and Lloyd, yet we just meekly followed and wondered how it must feel to be a good feeder. Mrs. Hill knows how to get up a meal and she admirably sustained her reputation on this occasion, ably assisted by her daughter Miss Edna.

Chas. Lion, of St. Marys, spent Thanksgiving Day in Emporium.

Sheriff-elect Swope and wife have been on the sick list several days.

Court Stenographer Hagerman is ill at Lock Haven, with scarlet fever.

Miss Susie Bauer, of St. Marys, was guest of Emporium friends last Thursday.

Christina Fledderman, of St. Marys, was guest of Ed. Blinzler and wife the latter part of last week.

Mr. J. J. Lingle, D. W. Felt and Mrs. J. J. Lingle are visiting in Philadelphia this week.

Mrs. John M. Given, of Kane, has been guest of F. A. Hill and family the past few days.

Mrs. Geo. A. Walker and Mrs. W. L. Sykes left this morning to visit in Buffalo.

Mrs. W. W. Fisher, *nee* Rose Seger, presented her husband a baby boy yesterday.

Piano tuner and dealer O. B. Hummel, of Lock Haven, was a PRESS visitor yesterday.

Samuel Shadman, of Emporium, is visiting his daughter, Mrs. Geo. Grove, Grant street.—Williamsport Bulletin.

Mrs. I. K. Hockley is attending the meeting of State Board of the Children's Aid Society at Pittsburg, this week.

Jacob Troup returned from Lebanon on Monday evening, where he had been visiting his family for several weeks.

N. J. Swartz was stepping lively last evening and feeling jolly good over the advent of a beautiful girl baby at his home.

Postal clerk F. D. McClure has moved his family from Bradford to Emporium and occupies Richard Kelley's house on Fifth street.

T. S. Clark, J. C. Hill and Attorney Gilmore, of Williamsport, have been attending to legal business in town the past two or three days.

Chas. Rishell's little son had a narrow escape from being seriously burned, one day last week, while playing with matches. Dangerous practice.

Ralph Fornwalt, a stove-tender at the furnace, left Tuesday evening on a two weeks' vacation with parents and friends at his home in Lebanon.

Messrs. Brown, Horn, Stover and Green, a quartette of Austin's promising young men, attended the L. C. B. A. dance, at this place, on Thanksgiving evening.

Frank W. Taylor has closed his winter's work at Montour's Run and will spend the winter months with his family in Emporium. Mr. Taylor is deserving of a good rest.

W. B. Brightman, Sanford Lewis, J. L. Knox and wife, John Omerod, and W. I. Lewis and wife, all of Coudersport, passed through Emporium on Monday, en route for Philadelphia.

G. M. Pott and family were overcome with gas early this morning—the gas coming on during the night when they were asleep. Dr. Baker was called and found Mrs. Pott quite sick.

W. W. Ayers, of Eugene, Oregon, who has been visiting Pennsylvania and York state relatives for the past two months, left Tuesday morning, accompanied by his son Henry, of Costello, for the Pacific slope, where they will locate.

C. A. Van Lew, F. P. Rentz and F. P. Strayer, of Emporium, have purchased the pine timber on a thousand-acre tract on Montour Run, near Grove and will commence the erection of a shingle mill at an early date. Chas. Van Lew, who is an experienced shingle manufacturer, will manage the business.

The Hon. W. L. Woodcock, of Altoona, who was visiting Rev. Wilford P. Shriner last week, lectured on Friday to the Epworth League of the M. E. church on "The Model Epworthian," and on Sunday evening to the public congregation in the same church. Both lectures were greatly enjoyed and were of a very high order. Mr. Woodcock is apt in word painting and at times became quite eloquent. He is a gentleman of broad culture and has the experience of wide traveling both in this country and abroad. He is a member of the General Board of Control of the Epworth League and Superintendent of the American University work among the Epworth Leagues of this State. Any future visit of Mr. Woodcock to our town will insure a hearty welcome among our people, where he has already made many friends.

How Long, Oh! Lord.

During the last few days there has been a great amount of suffering in Emporium owing to the failure of the gas supply. The greater portion of citizens have depended upon the Gas Company for their light and fuel, very many of our people not being prepared for such inconvenience as as they are now meeting. It is high time that we had some understanding with the gas company, and not place the health of our people in jeopardy. If they have not the gas to supply their Emporium customers they should say so, that all might make other arrangements. Our citizens are justly indignant, and have reason to be, at the treatment Emporium is receiving. We hope the Emporium stockholders, in justice to their neighbors, will protect the rights of their patrons in this town, who have patiently borne the disappointment of the past, hoping that the future service would be better. How long, Oh! Lord, is this going to continue?

Mr. Geo. A. Walker, went to St. Marys this a. m., to enter a vigorous kick against the treatment Emporium is receiving from the St. Marys Gas Company. Several of the St. Marys manufactories are using, we are reliably informed, the gas for fuel. This is an outrage.

BRIEF MENTION.

Who gets the gas? Emporium does not.

"New Irish Visitors" at the opera house, Dec. 19th.

The pump stations at Pine and North Bend have been shut down.

The Maccabees enjoyed a spread last evening after election of officers.

Pity the poor men if our supply of gas proves a failure this winter. Won't they catch it?

Two P. & E. engines collided Monday night at Wilcox. Both engines were telescoped. One man injured.

The Warner House bar room has been completely remodeled and presents a much neater appearance.

Owing to the scarcity of gas during the day time the laundry force are compelled to work at night, there being an abundance of gas after ten p. m. Queer business, this.

The 56th Congress convened last Monday. President McKinley's message is pronounced the greatest State paper ever presented to Congress, and meets with the hearty appropal of the people.

Struggling with a cat which he was trying to kill, Francis Pelkey, of Novato, Cal., was shot in the foot, the animal clawing the trigger of the rifle which he held in one hand.—Phila. Record.

A shortage of limestone caused Supt. Brady to "bank" the furnace on Sunday and Monday. Stock is now coming in quantities and they hope to be supplied in the tuture. The immense demand for limestone and coke, and shortage of freight cars, is playing hob with the iron furnaces of this state.

Billy McGee says he is fattening a turkey for Christmas and expects to feed all the big eaters. His gobblership now weighs so much that it is not able to fly to its roost, and to aid the bird, McGee has placed a rope and pulley from the ice house roof and attaching the ice tongs around the monster nightly assists it to its perch.

Notes and News.

AN ULSTER overcoat and a suit of our exquisite underwear will add materially to a man's comfort this winter.
N. SEGER.

I HAVE a few of those handsome and stylish ladies hats left and offer all now on hand at cost. They'll not last long.
MRS. E. O. BARDWELL.

COLD WEATHER necessities are receiving prompt attention by N. Seger, the Allegheny Avenue clothier. A large and varied stock of men's and boys' requisites for winter wear, in styles to suit the most fastidious and at prices to suit the most exacting.

LADIES! clean your kid gloves with Miller's Glovine, for sale only by Balcom & Lloyd, headquarters for kid gloves and the famous Dartmouth gloves; all the latest shades. 5-ly

MOVED HIS STORE.—O. B. Hummel has moved his store from Bellefonte Avenue to Main Street Opera House block. The O. B. Hummel Music House is now the largest and most complete music store in Lock Haven. Buy your pianos and organs from this house and save money. Pianos and organs sold on easy payments. Old pianos and organs taken as part payment.

Driftwood Items.

Driftwood Gazette.

Col. J. O. Brookbank and Street Commissioner Coleman came in last week with a nice deer.

County Commissioner Chas. Gleason shot a big bear on Spruce Run one day last week.

Street Commissioner Coleman and S. P. Kreider, while driving along Bennett's branch, near No. 2 bridge on Thursday, saw a fine four prong buck standing in the creek.

Conductor J. C. Martin is moving his household effects to DuBois to-day, and in their departure Driftwood loses an excellent family and a good school director.

W. E. Rothrock has become famous as a hunter. Last week he killed two deer, one on Thursday and one on Friday. Another of his party, Hod Duell, killed a large buck on Saturday.

Mrs. S. C. Hatten died at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. M. E. Ridgeway, West Reynoldsvile, Nov. 24th, 1899. The deceased was a daughter of Jacob and Hannah Kunes, and was born Aug. 1st, 1832, at Snow Shoe, Centre county. She married Edward Hatten, December 25, 1850.

New Wagon Road.

A movement is on foot to build a wagon road from Emporium to the head of Canoe and Sterling Runs. The plan is to build a bridge across the river at foot of Broad street. The right of way has been secured from the Land Company, C. B. Howard & Company, Elk Tanning Company and Dr. Heilman. Josiah Howard heads the list with a $500.00 cash subscription. This road will open up a good farming section.

SIBLEY A FREE LANCE.

Favors McKinley's Policy and Will not Stick to Democratic Doctrine.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—Representative Joseph Sibley, of the twenty-seventh Pennsylvania district, who was elected to Congress last year over Hon. Charles W. Stone, Republican, has arrived in Washington with his family for the winter. In conversation with a representative of the Leader today Mr. Sibley intimated very strongly that he was no longer in strict accord with the Democratic party in all issues, and intended to vote as his conscience dictates on questions of vital interest to the country's welfare regardless of past or present political affiliations.

Mr. Sibley will caucus with the Democratic party on the question of selecting candidates for the empty honor of speaker, clerk, door-keeper and sergeant-at-arms, of the house. He will not be bound to any political policy the caucus may adopt, however, and will act independently on all questions which may come up in the house.

"I have no political ambition and am free to act as my conscience dictates," he said.

Mr. Sibley will support Representative Sulzer, of New York for the Democrtic nomination for speaker.

It will be recalled that Mr. Sibley was the original free silver man in the Pennsylvania delegation in the Fifty-third Congress, and created a sensation in the House by his speech against the repeal of the Sherman purchasing act of the extra session of that Connress. When Bryan was nominated for President at Chicago in 1896, Mr. Sibley was offered the vice presidential nomination, but declined it.

"Will you support the administration in its colonial policy regarding Cuba and the Philippines?" Mr. Sibley was asked.

"Most assuredly. Every person who has the welfare of his country at heart ought to stand by President McKinley until the war in the Philippines is over and also support him in his policy of territorial expansion. Why, sir," said Mr. Sibley, with some emphasis, "If President McKinley should adopt any other policy in the future than he has been pursuing since the beginning of the war with Spain, he would go down in history the most generally condemned President this country ever had. What would have happened to President Thomas Jefferson had he listened to the clamor against the policy to purchase Louisiana? Would he to-day be still living in the hearts of his countrymen? I answer no. It was the best thing that ever happened this country that Mr. Jefferson took the bold stand he did on the Louisiana question."

"Then you think President McKinley's territorial policy ought to be sustained?"

"I certainly do and if the opportunity offers I will make a speech on the floor of the houss in support of his expansion policy," replied Mr. Sibley.

"Then you are not in favor of giving independence to the Cubans and Filippinos?

"I am not prepated to say at present whether I am opposed to giving them independence or not," replied Mr. Sibley. "This is not the time to settle that question. That will come later and will finally adjust itself. It is the duty of this country to first bring the rebellion in the Philippines to a hasty close and then establish law and order in the islands. After that, if Congress thinks the inhabitants of Cuba and the Philippines are capable of self government it may be a good thing to give them a trial. It is my opinion, however, that it will be many years before the Philippinos will be capable of maintaining self-government. It is different with the Cubans. They are more intelligent than the Filippinos and ought to become Americanized more easily."

"It is reported Mr. Sibley, that you are no longer in sympathy with the Democratic party on the question of free silver."

"Well, I don't know about that," replied Mr. Sibley. "In my opinion free silver is no longer an issue. The great prosperity which the country is now enjoying ought to be evidence enough to convince anybody that the financial policy of the present administration is all right on that question."

At this juncture of the conversation Mr. Sibley excused himself to join his family in a ride about the city in his new automobile.

During the interview Mr. Sibley was asked whether or not he thought Mr. Roberts, the Mormon representative-elect from Utah, ought to be given his seat in the house.

"Being one of the jurors in the case," he said, "I must decline to answer that question. From a constitutional standpoint, however, I will say that I do not believe he will be seated."—Pittsburg Leader.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents a box. For sale by L. Taggart.
v34-n2-1y

Closing Out at Cost.

Having determined to close out my entire stock of Dry Goods, Shoes, etc., at once in order to make room for the large Grocery and Meat trade coming my way, I shall dispose of

Ladies' and Children's Shoes,
Dry Goods, Etc., at Cost.

SEE THESE BARGAINS.

40 Pieces Print at 4c, former price 7c.
50 Pieces Apron Ginghan, 5c, former price, 8c.
20 Pieces Cambric Lining, 3c, former price, 6c.
10 Pieces Shambra, 10c, former price, 12½c.
20 Pieces Dress Goods, at one-half former price.
15 Pieces Canton Flannel, at cost.
15 Pieces Outing Flannel, best quality, 8c.
20 Pieces Toweling at cost.

Ladies' and Children's Underwear, Bleached and Unbleached Muslin, Ladies' and Children's Hosiery, Colt's Spool Cotton, Corsets, White Goods, Notions, Ribbons, Carpet Warp, Table Oil Cloth, Yarn, Etc., Etc.

Large Line of Corsets at and below Cost.

NO FAKE SALE. YOURS FOR THE MONEY.

A Clean Sweep of the Dry Goods Department.

Our Popular Grocery and Meat Market,

is more popular than ever and we shall continue to improve to meet the wants of the people. New goods received daily. In Meats and Poultry we have always been on the front seat of the band wagon and held the reins. Our meats are always nice, fresh and healthful. Home-fed cattle have always been our motto, and you know what you are eating when you buy of us.

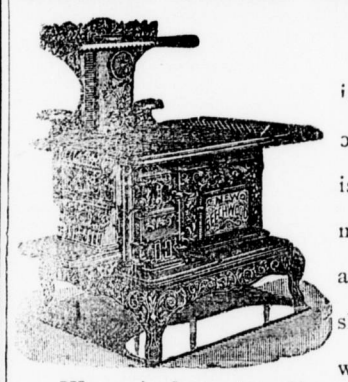
Your Patronage Respectfully Solicited.

FRANK SHIVES.

LEADING HARDWARE HOUSE!

We extend our compliments to the citizens of Cameron and adjoining counties for their rapidly and increasing patronage. We would invite all to see our large display of GENERAL HARDWARE and BUILDERS' MATERIAL. We would call especial attention to our

COOKING. HEATING AND GAS STOVES



Comprising the best in the world. Our old and popular Store is headquarters for many useful articles and house-keepers should call and see what we have.

We again desire to call attention to our OIL and GAS STOVES. The Ladies delight.

THE WELSBACH LIGHT.

This popular light the great gas saver, is growing in popular with our people. All who desire to economize in gas bills should use these burners. Call and see them.

WALKER, HOWARD & CO.

THREE PRAYERS.

An infant in its cradle slept,
And in its sleep it smiled—
And one by one three women knelt
To kiss the fair-haired child;
And each thought of the days to be
And breathed a prayer, half-silently.

One poured her love on many lives,
But knew love's toil and care;
Its burdens oft had been to her
A heavy weight to bear;
She stooped and murmured lovingly:
"Not burdened hands, dear child, for thee."

One had not known the burdened hands,
But knew the empty heart;
At life's banquet she had sat
An unfed guest apart;
"Oh, not," she whispered, tenderly,
"An empty heart, dear child, for thee."

And one was old; she had known care,
She had known loneliness;
She knew God leads us by no path
His presence cannot bless;
She smiled, and murmured, trustfully:
"God's will, dear child, God's will for thee!"

—Kate Tucker Goode, in the Alkahest.

By CHAUNCY C. HOTCHKISS

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CHAPTER XI.—CONTINUED.

Not a morsel of food had passed my lips for more than four-and-twenty hours. I was tired, not from the miles of walking or manifold exertion, but from lack of nutriment, and, more than all, from the moral effect of knowing I was being hunted like a wild animal. My clothing had well-nigh dried on my body, but I was still damp. I had not even the comfort of tobacco, for, though I possessed it in plenty, I could get no fire, my tinder box having been wetted in the soaking I had endured. I had fled from the sight of man as Satan flies before the sign of the cross, but by the time I had gotten on my journey thus far I cared little for Nick Stryker, Rex, the British army, or the devil himself. My sole yearning was for food, and the sun had not sunken fairly behind the Jersey hills when, against all reason, I rose from my last hiding place near the roadside and strode into it, making my way toward the tavern as fast as I could walk.

My arms were like lead. The gold in my pockets and the bullets in my pouch had fifty times their weight as I splashed through the mud, but I was protected by a divine providence, for no soul saw I going or coming while I was on the great thoroughfare. When I turned into the lane leading to the tavern some of my reason returned to me, and I slipped over the fence that I might not approach too directly the front door. There were no horses under the shed as I passed it, a fact that gave me assurance, and on peering through the bar window, I marked that the room was unoccupied.

The bar of the Dove was, like many of the taverns of the day, as much a refectory as a bar, and the general assembly room of the house. As I have said, it was deserted, and barren of light as well, the far corners being so immersed in gloom that I could barely make out the tables under the curtained windows. My advent within brought an answering sound of steps, and there entered a black man, half waiter and half hostler, as I made out by his apron, the table knives in his hand, and a general smell of the stable he brought with him.

Without ado I asked for food—food of any sort, hot or cold, with a bottle of wine, or, failing in that, stimulant of any description. I thought the fellow was frightened at my fierceness, and showed him I meant to pay for all I demanded by pulling from my pocket a few pieces of gold and exposing them. He slipped behind the bar and brought out a bottle of rum, setting it on a table in the darkest corner of the room, and then hurriedly went out, saying I should be served without delay.

Left to myself, I took a stiff dram and looked about me. The room was decidedly

"I crept slowly onward."

barren in appearance, the only attempt at ornamentation being in the boughs of green stuff that had been piled into the vast fireplace. The rafters overhead, somber with age, were black in the increasing darkness, and the walls, unwhitened for months and perhaps years, were deeply scored with names and coarse mottoes graven by sword points or bayonets, and smutted by candles held against the rough plaster. The bar took up a space near the entrance, the floor was clean and sanded, and the only furniture in the room consisted of an immense settle in the corner by the chimney, one long table with a bench betwixt it and the wall, and four or five smaller tables with accompanying chairs. In strong contrast with the prevailing dinginess of the apartment were the two windows in the rear of the room, their curtains of plain stuff as white and stiff as crusted snow, and the panes as sparkling and brilliant as newly minted coin.

With an eye to future action in case of mischance, I went to the windows and found them unfastened. The view looked east and showed an infield with a stream on one side, which I knew must drain the ponds and swamps of the lower Harlem flats in the vicinity of McGowan's Pass, and empty itself culverted, still runs under the city in the into the Sound river. (This stream, now neighborhood of East One Hundred and Tenth street.)

The sight of its brush-grown banks and the oncoming night suggested a way of escape, but a boat would have been necessary, and even with this there were the jaws of Hell Gate and the river patrols to overcome.

I think I had plumbed the depths of every possible chance to get off the island and on to the main, but saw no way out. The Hudson was too wide to swim; the Sound river too boisterous in either run of the tide, and even better guarded than was the land. To pass the Harlem was not possible, both banks being sentried by the enemy, and thus I was held betwixt the "barrier gates," the lower lines, and the two rivers. In time every foot of this ground would be scoured, and the end looked to be that I would succumb.

But the end was not yet. I was well armed and stronger by a dram than when I came in. I left open the windows, changing my seat to the long table, partly stretching myself along the bench to render me less conspicuous. From here I commanded a view of the front door and all within the room, being myself quite in the darkness.

Thus I waited for a full quarter of an hour with dead silence all about until the black brought in my food and a candle, setting the light at the end of the table farthest from me, pulling down the windows, and drawing the curtains, though it was far from being chilly. I was about to resent this disposition of the candle as a piece of impertinence, as it barely cast a shadow at that distance, when I suddenly considered the advantage of being in gloom, and so let it bide. I finished everything before me in short order, and, as though the man had anticipated my wants, my plate was immediately recharged with a liberal supply of ham and eggs, while a bowl of bonnyclabber was placed beside it.

Now, instead of withdrawing as he had done before, the black sat himself opposite me, with every wink the whites of his eyes snapping in the light of the distant candle. After watching my jaws gradually slow down as I drew near the end of the supply, and while I gave a long sigh of relief and comparative comfort, he leaned slowly forward and, speaking softly, said:

"Yous hungry, sah!"

"Slightly," I remarked; "I have e'en had a hard day of it."

"Who be you lookin' fo'?" he asked, abruptly.

"What's that to you, you black rascal?" I answered with a forced fierceness that made him grin. "Who is the host here?"

"Nat Burns, sah; he's away, sah. I looks to de house den. I t'aut you might be 'spec'in' some one, sah."

"Not I," I replied, having no desire to confide in a negro hostler. "Has anyone been here to-day?"

"Yes, sah," he answered, rolling his eyes. "Heap o' soldiers, sah. Deys makin' de house upset all froo lookin' for somebody."

"Looking for whom?" I asked, now mightily interested.

"Two or free pussons an' a young gal, sah. But dey nebber finds dem here, no, sah! When am you goin' on, sah?"

I had hard work to restrain my curiosity about those who were being looked for. If the girl was Gertrude King, and I felt fairly sure of it, then she, too, had escaped arrest so far, though it gave me a strange feeling about the ribs to think that she might be suffering even as I had been. To his question I carelessly answered:

"Not to-night, at all odds." For I at once considered that if the house had been searched, it was the safest place I could find in which to abide.

"Ah, by the way," I inquired easily, "know you of a party named King?"

"King?" said he, rising and taking up the candle. "No, sah; no King, 'ceptin' the good King Gawge."

He held the candle so that for the first time I had a good look at him. I saw then that he was not a full-blooded negro, his hair being silky and waved, his nose straight, with fine nostrils, and his mouth lacking the thick lips as his skull lacked the prognathous development of the true African. His hide was abnormally black, however, and his tongue that of the southern darky improved by contact with the purer speech of the north. With all its fine points his face bore no signs of great intelligence, and as he looked at me it was almost expressionless.

I feared that if it ever had been, the tavern was now no longer a refuge for those of my party, for it seemed clear that Nick Stryker had lost the proprietorship, his place having been taken by one Burns (of whom I had never heard), whose very hostler was of rank tory breed. I was glad I had not put myself into the darky's hands, now even being afraid to ask for Stryker for dread of arousing suspicions against me.

"If yous boun' to stay all night, sah, I soon hab nice room, sah," he continued, while I was watching him, and taking the light with him, he went out with no apology for leaving me in the dark.

Being alone again, I filled my pipe and awaited his return with the means to light it. The difference betwixt the man I had been an hour since and was at that moment was amazing, so great is the power of nutriment to life both body and spirits. I was ready for another night's wandering if needs be, though I thanked my stars for lack of the necessity. Stretching myself along the bench, I was almost dozing from sheer comfort when I heard the tramp of horses in the yard, and the next minute the door opened and two boisterous voices rang through the room demanding lights and service.

The violent rattling of a chair on the floor, which one of the newcomers had used as a means of gaining attention, had hardly ceased when the negro returned with the candle. I could not see the faces of either of the parties from my position (which I deemed advisable to retain), naught but their legs showing, but for two they made a vast noise. The negro, without seeming to notice my apparent absence, placed bottles and glasses on the table farthest removed from mine, and the two, after ordering a meal, sat down and began drinking.

And without stint they drank, if one could judge by the sound of pouring. The single candle but broke the gloom of the apartment, though it was helped out by the moonlight, which streamed through the south windows and over the sanded boards. By it I made out that one of the party was a cavalryman, his muddy boots and short clothes proclaiming the fact, as well as the sabretasche that trailed on the floor by the side of his heavy sword. The other, also booted and armed, was not of the ranks, for his breeches were not embellished or of striking color (his coat I could not see), while the hat he flung under the table was but a nondescript slouch without a cockade.

That they had accidentally met was at once made plain by the first words that passed between them after the negro left the room.

"An' ye are from the north!" said the soldier. "It were a fine chance that brought us together, for I am nigh spent an' must ha' traveled back on an empty belly had we not crossed."

"Have ye no news o' either o' them?" asked the civilian, earnestly, ignoring the former's remark.

"Nay, man. 'Tis the coldest scent I e'er put nose to. Scammell's an ass to think they fled together, an' twice an ass, too, to look for a flying man an' woman along the main highway! Have any of your gang lit on news? This failure puts me 20 poun's out o' pocket, for I was to ha' that if I could but locate the woman; the man he feels sure of."

"Why of him?"

"That he's not tellin' the likes o' me, though I think he means to lure him."

"Lure him! the fool!" said the civilian. "The man who can overcome Scammell with an ewer, throttle Clinton an' run the lines on his fist is no bird that can be touched with salt. Faith! 'tis nothing but cold lead an' steel that can take him, an' I wish I might cross swords with him, for all his bigness."

"Well, by the piper!" broke in the soldier, banging his fist on the table, "I'm fain to meet him myself. I'd show him sword play—"

"Shut up, ye brag! He'd make but a pinch o' ye! Better stick to the woman, who'd come easy when ye sighted her! What's the outcome along o' Belden?"

"Belden!" said the soldier, with a laugh and an oath; "Clinton will ne'er forgive him for bringing forward such a mountain o' fraud. He's e'en a prisoner on board his own ship, an' Scammell is in the old man's bad books for havin' blabbed something to the girl—I wot not what. There's the devil's own muss below, made worse by the fact that both man an' woman ha' gone up to Heaven or downward, for no sign o' them is on the island, an' they ha' not had time to get off it by plain means."

"The girl had a pass, I was told."

"All passes were stopped, though not in time at the lower lines, to my thinking. I fancy the man is in the woods to the west, an' the lass hiding in the city."

"Well! well!" said the civilian, stretching his legs under the table and refilling his glass. "Here must I bide till the rest come up. To the devil with rebel spies, man an' woman! I wish I had known that Thorndyke was not Lounsbury when I had him unarmed. 'Twould ha' been worth a pile; but a bigger pile this day could I get him."

Now all this was mighty interesting, and I lay as still as the bench beneath me until the civilian's last remark. Something there was in his voice that struck me as familiar, while his reference to having met me made me more than curious. Carefully lifting my eye above the table's level, I beheld the card-sharper of the Bull's Head, his companion being a non-commissioned officer and a total stranger to me.

CHAPTER XII.

A FIGHTING QUAKER.

Here was I at last pinned down to close quarters. I had hoped they would eat, then drink themselves drunk and leave, but the sharper's intention of remaining all night, if necessary, together with the known hardness of head of the average trooper, made the hope a forlorn one. It seemed that I was to be confined to the bench for hours unless some chance should free me, and I had resigned myself to this when the black came in with food for the two, and at the same time the door reopened, there entering a man whom even in the dim light I knew to be of a different stripe than the others.

H was a Quaker, and so infirm that he walked slowly and heavily with the aid of a staff. Giving the two at the table a wide berth, he wended his way to the rear of the room and, seating himself on the settle, ordered a plain meal of milk and bread and butter.

There was nothing remarkable in the advent of a tired Quaker, but his appearance caused the sharper and his companion to draw their chairs together and whisper, though after a moment's close talking the former shouted across the room:

"Hello, snuffy! Where be thee from?"

There came no immediate answer to this, whereat the trooper swore roundly and repeated his fellow's question in a louder voice.

"I travel from the Kingsbridge and beyond, friend," was the final answer returned in a feeble treble.

"To where, then, thee son o' drab?" mimicked the gambler, as he put in his turn at insulting the old man.

"To a friend in the city—a Capt. Scammell, of De Lancy's regiment. Mayhap thee knows him?" was the innocent response.

But, innocent as it was, it had its effect on the two, who were at once more respectful in both tone and words.

"Ye'll not find him, then," volunteered the trooper. "He has a sore head an' a broken heart—the one from a scrimmage an' the other through loss o' his lady. Ha' ye seen aught o' a runaway beauty on yer travels—a tall young lass with a painted head?"

"Does thee mean a young girl with hair inclined to red?" asked the traveler, with something of interest in his voice.

"Ay, that same," returned the trooper, bringing his feet under him and half rising.

"Yea, friend. I met with a female, though scarce a beauty, and with hair as thee describes. She was tired and wan as she came from the woods near Day's tavern, by the Hollow Way, and asked me for victuals. But, friend, I was unprovided, and, indeed, in these times fear stragglers, be they male or female."

"Was the same tall an' fine o' skin, an' with dark eyes?"

"Ay, I think she was of proper height, and her eye was dark, if I do not err."

"'Fore God, an' I believe it the lass, Lowney!" said the trooper, starting up and for the first time giving the card-sharper a name. "I'm off on the scent. Where away did she go, old man?"

"Back to the woods, as I saw her," was the answer.

"What woods? In what direction?" hurriedly asked the redcoat.

"Thee knowest the woods and orchard where Washington worsted Howe on the heights of Harlem? That is the spot, friend. It strikes me she might be fair enough after food and rest. I would not have her harmed through me. Thee had—"

"Damn your thees an' thous an' Washington an' being worsted!" shouted the trooper, excitedly. "I'm off, Lowney. Tell the rest when they come. 'Tis a fair day that bid ye stop me for a sup in this place. I will requite ye yet. Give me a Quaker for truth an' good luck. Alloh, lad!" And with a rattle of metal he was out of the door, while in a moment I heard his horse putting from the yard full tilt.

As I listened to the Quaker's description of the girl, of whose identity I doubted as little as did the trooper, my heart sank within me. I considered the suffering she had undergone to make necessary her asking food of a stranger on the high road, and was fast getting to the point of leaving my place of concealment, dispatching the man Lowney, stealing his horse, overtaking the trooper, and rescuing the girl myself, and all without a thought of my own risk, when an accident put an end to this sudden dream of heroism and caused me to face stern facts.

'Twas but natural that I had taken a quick dislike to the Quaker, who had innocently been the means of setting a pursuer on the track of the patriotic girl, and 'twas also natural that I wished to see more of him than his legs and the butt of his staff. To the end of satisfying my curiosity, I lifted my head as before, but was seemingly less cautious with my foot, for, moving it unthinkingly, I tilted my sword, which must have but just balanced on the edge of the bench, and sent it crashing to the floor with (to me) a racket that might have been made by a falling house.

Both the Quaker and Lowney gave a start as the sharp sound echoed through the room, the former dropping the spoon he was carrying to his mouth, while the latter sprang to his feet and looked toward the darkened corner in which I had been hiding. The two candles in the large apartment gave but scant light, but, scant as it was, it proved enough for the sharp eyes of the gambler, who evidently caught sight of a face, for with an oath he cried: "What have we here—a drunkard or a deserter?" and advanced toward the table.

And now it appeared that I would be suddenly forced to do the very thing that but a moment before had been buzzing in my brain as only a dream. Concealment being no longer possible, I would face matters as they fell out, and trusted to put all into execution before help in the shape of the negro or others without might arrive. Ere Lowney had covered half the space betwixt us, I stooped for my sword, and, jumping to the bench and from that to the table, drew the blade.

As the advancing man beheld my figure loom suddenly on high, for the beams of the ceiling barely cleared my head, he stopped short and stepped a pace or two backward, drawing his sword the while, then with a voice which might have been heard a furlong, he shouted:

"By the great Jehovah! 'tis Donald Thorndyke, or his spook from hell! Are ye run to ground at last? If ye be no ghost, surrender in the name of the king!—Ho, old man! here is the devil himself; get to my holsters and fetch the firearms!—Hither, ye black rascal! help me hold him here! Help here, I say! Damn the closed door!—Boy! boy! Oh, what a pass is this!"

Waiting for no action on the part of the old Quaker, and hoping to forestall the negro, I leaped to the floor, and in an instant the swords of Lowney and myself were crossed in combat.

The onset was so sudden that it drove the man backward against his table, which, with the candle and earthenware, was upset, though the crash did not mar the fellow's guard. Taking advantage of the opening thus made, I sprang between him and the door, and then the battle began in grim earnest.

The light was far too uncertain to permit my putting into practice my well-worn stroke, and Lowney was much too wary and too skillful in fencing to allow me to at once come at him by any other method. I was fairly sure of tiring him and in the end beating down his guard, but at present I had enough to do in looking for his tricks and avoiding his furious lunges. In the half light of the room the fire flew bright from the steel in the energy of the parry, and my opponent hurried his fatigue by wasting breath in a constant string of oaths.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

CORSICA AND THE VENDETTA.

The Old Style Brigand Is Not Much in Evidence in Modern Times.

Persons who derive their ideas of Corsica as it is to-day from Prosper Merimee's novel "Colomba," will be doomed to some disappointment. Manners and customs have changed a great deal in the island since the date, shortly after the battle of Waterloo, when the gallant British officer and his daughter visited Colomba in her ancestral castle at Pietranera. The vendetta, which is the theme of that thrilling story, has greatly diminished. During the carnival we fancied that we had come upon a real instance of this picturesque barbarism. One workman killed another in a cafe, and then, in the expressive Corsican phrase, "took to the maquis," or brushwood, which covers a large portion of the island, and has, from time immemorial, been the refuge of outlaws and bandits. This legend subsisted for some days, and excited a new interest in life in Corsica, and quite a large demand for copies of "Colomba." But a conversation which I had with the juge d'instruction who had investigated the case proved that it was, after all, as he expressed it, a crime vulgaire, and not, as we had hoped, a crime corse.

We afterward had the satisfaction of seeing the malefactor led in chains between two mounted policemen on his way into Ajaccio, whereas the traditional bandit would have been fed and supplied with powder and shot by the country people, who would have rather gone to the stake than betrayed his hiding place to the authorities. Here and there vendetta may still linger in the island, but it has now become a means of attracting the tourist, who is invited to buy bloodthirsty looking knives and daggers, bearing such choice inscriptions as Vendetta Corsa; morte al nemico, ("death to the enemy"); or, even still more gruesome: Va diritto al cuore del nemico ("Go straight to the heart of the enemy"). These choice weapons form, together with gourds engraved with portraits of Napoleon, or the negro's head, which is the Corsican crest, the staple industry of Ajaccio.—Westminster Review.

A Narrow Squeeze.

A circuit paid a flying visit to a small English town not long ago, and the price of admission was sixpence, children under ten years of age half price. It was Edith's tenth birthday, and her brother Tom, aged 13, took her in the afternoon to see the show. Arrived at the door, he put down ninepence and asked for two front seats. "How old is the little girl?" asked the money taker, doubtfully. "Well," said Master Tom, "this is her tenth birthday, but she was not born until rather late in the afternoon." The money taker accepted the statement and handed him the tickets. But it was a close shave.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Nature Outdone.

An amusing instance of the extent to which a realistic artist may satisfy himself is told in the following story. Wilkins was the artist's name and he had painted a number of pictures of dead game which received considerable praise. Among them was a group of dead rabbits. These rabbits a critic commended in Wilkins' hearing as "remarkably true to nature." "Nature, sir!" replied the artist in his most pompous manner; "yes, I flatter myself there is more nature in those rabbits than you usually see in rabbits!"—Golden Days.

GUIDED BY INTUITION.

Woman Jumps at Conclusions Without Resorting to Logic and Wins.

"I begin to think there is no limit to woman's intuition. It frequently enables her to read character on sight, but what gets me and strikes me as uncanny is the fact that this same intuition projects her knowledge into the future and makes her about as conversant with things to come as with things past.

"Let me illustrate. When the copper market was so active I put in hours every day studying quotations, fluctuations, and the outlook. As the result of a conclusion reached by this careful method I invested $200, made good margins, and was finally glad to let go with a loss considerably larger than my original investment.

"During a period of confidence and in the enjoyment of prospective riches I had told my wife of my investment and of the good things she might expect when the deal was closed. It gave her the speculative fever and she was bound to make a plunge. She doesn't know what the word stocks means. A market report is Greek to her. She couldn't figure on the outlook if she had all the data and a slate and pencil. Yet she came to me with $100 she had saved in old teapots and stockings and told me to buy P. Q. M. shares. I sneeringly told her that they were dead and buried; that she might as well invest in a dry oil well or a sunken ship. But her mind was made up. I thought the lesson would be a cheap one for her and I obeyed.

"Those shares took a sudden jump to the surprise of everyone and she cleared $2,000. 'Men don't seem to have any business sense,' she said, when we compared notes. 'P. Q. M. stands for pretty quick money, but a stupid man would never see it.'

"Heavens!" Then the Detroit broker who had been talking dashed to the floor a 15-cent cigar he had just lit.—Detroit Tribune.

Surely a Dream.

The rich, talented, handsome stranger prostrates himself at the feet of the beautiful cashier in the laundry.

"Be mine!" he implores.

"Am I dreaming?" the young girl asks herself, anxiously.

She has not long to remain in doubt. For she presently spurns the rich, talented, handsome stranger and marries the bow-legged boilermaker to whom she had plighted her troth.

This, of course, makes it a cinch that she is dreaming.—Detroit Journal.

Origin of Thanksgiving Day.

"We ought to do something to make ourselves solid with posterity," remarked one of the Pilgrim Fathers.

"That's so," replied his companion. "How would it be to inaugurate a national holiday that will be a convenient time for football games?"

The rest is history.—N. Y. Journal.

By the time a man succeeds in reaching the top of the ladder he is too old to enjoy the scenery.—Chicago Daily News.

A good "agent" is a sort of confidence man; he makes you buy things you did not want.—Atchison Globe.

Hewitt—"There is always room at the top." Jewett—"I suppose so, but some of us never get near enough to the top to find out."—Town Topics.

"Hello, Glubson! I never expected to see you a waiter at a restaurant. What has brought you to this, old fellow?" "Same thing that brings you here to eat, most likely—poverty."—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Some hats are so loaded with wings, breasts, heads and tails of birds that it seems that a little gravy is all that is necessary to make them appear like a game dinner.—Philadelphia Times.

"Jack Nurvy called upon old Moneybags last night and asked him for his daughter's hand." "That was brassy of him. What did the old man say?" Said 'I'll compromise with you, young man, and give you my foot.' And he did."—Catholic Standard and Times.

"It seems to me," remarked the prospective tenant, as he noted four inches of water in the basement, "that this cellar leaks." "Leaks! Not a bit of it," spoke up the hustling agent. "Why, that water's been there for a month, and not a drop has escaped."—Philadelphia Record.

"Don't you wish you had minded me?" said the stern mother, as she piked the paddle to her erring son with monotonous frequency and vigor. "I wish," said Johnny, as he tried to twist around so that the paddle would strike him slantingly, "I wish I wuz a orfing."—Ohio State Journal.

An Atchison young man is ruining his health and his prospects by remaining up every night until 12 o'clock; he fears that if he does not tramp the streets every night until 12 o'clock something very remarkable will happen and he will miss it. An old rounder, in whom we have confidence, says that he has been looking for something remarkable to happen for a great many years, and been disappointed.—Atchison Globe.

A SENATOR'S LETTER.

Peruna as a Nerve and Catarrh Tonic the Talk of the World.

Hon. W. V. Sullivan, U. S. Senator from Mississippi.

Hon. W. V. Sullivan, United States Senator from Mississippi, in a letter recently written to Dr. Hartman from Oxford, Miss., says the following:

"For some time I have been a sufferer from catarrh in its most incipient stage, so much so that I became alarmed as to my general health. But, hearing of Peru-na as a good remedy, I gave it a fair trial and soon began to improve. Its effects were distinctly beneficial, removing the annoying symptoms, and was particularly good as a tonic.

"I take pleasure in recommending your great national catarrh cure, Pe-ru-na, as the best I have ever tried."

"W. V. Sullivan."

Peruna cures catarrh wherever located. Peruna has no substitutes—no rivals. Insist upon having Peruna. Address The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O., for a free book on catarrh.

$500 Reward

The above Reward will be paid for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of the party or parties who placed iron and slabs on the track of the Emporium & Rich Valley R. R., near the east line of Franklin Housler's farm, on the evening of Nov. 21st, 1891.

HENRY AUCHU,
88-tf. *President.*

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Its Glory Gone.

In one of the finest cities of our west there lives a certain man who has been prominent all his life in the work of building and managing theaters. He has been too busy at this to have much time for reading. When his pile was made he started for Europe and visited the various countries. Among other cities he took in Rome. It chanced that he drove out in the country and was shown the Coliseum. The guide told him it was a theater. The old man was surprised. When he came back he was asked about his trip; he mentioned Rome. Naturally he was asked if he had seen the Coliseum. He had. He didn't think much of it. To quote his own words: "It was a blamed good house once, but it's in ruins now."—Detroit Free Press.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomachs receive it without distress. 1-4 the price of coffee. 15 cts. and 25 cts. per package. Sold by all grocers.

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"There is only one man less respected than the man who won't pay his bills," said the Cornfed Philosopher, "and that is the man who can't."—Indianapolis Journal.

To Los Angeles and Southern California.

Every Friday night, at 10:35 p. m., a through Tourist Car for Los Angeles and Southern California, leaves the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Union Passenger Station, Chicago, via Omaha, Colorado Springs and Salt Lake City, for all points in Colorado, Utah, Nevada and California.

In addition to the regular Pullman porter, each car is accompanied by an intelligent, competent and courteous "courier," who will attend to the wants of passengers en route. This is an entirely new feature of tourist car service and will be appreciated by families or by ladies traveling alone. Particular attention is paid to the care of children, who usually get weary on a long journey.

These tourist cars are sleeping cars supplied with all the accessories necessary to make the journey comfortable and pleasant, and the berth rate (each berth will accommodate two persons) is only $6.00 from Chicago to California. Ask the nearest ticket agent for a tourist car folder, or address Geo. H. Heafford, General Pass. and Ticket Agent, Chicago, Ill.

There generally comes a time in the life of a man who has money to burn when it is necessary for him to sift the ashes.—Town Topics.

The magnificent climate of North Carolina and its wonderful resources coupled with its choice farming, trucking, fruit, mineral and timber lands present remarkable attractions to those seeking homes. Reliable information concerning this State will be given to those who write to John W Thompson, Assistant Commissioner, Raleigh, N. C.

"The two-headed girl got up another rumpus this morning." "What was she angry about?" "One of her heads bought a hat just like that which the other one wore."—London Answers.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

"How do you pronounce the last syllable of that word 'butterine?' asked the customer. "The last syllable is silent," stiffly replied the grocer.—London Answers.

After physicians had given me up, I was saved by Piso's Cure.—Ralph Erieg, Williamsport, Pa., Nov. 22, 1893.

No matter how proud a man feels of a woman's cleverness, he likes to feel that she considers him even more clever than she is herself.—Philadelphia Times.

Ayer's Pills

Sick headache. Food doesn't digest well, appetite poor, bowels constipated, tongue coated. It's your liver! Ayer's Pills are liver pills, easy and safe. They cure dyspepsia, biliousness. 25c. All Druggists.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for the Whiskers 50 CTS. OF DRUGGISTS, OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

"LINENE" Collars & Cuffs

Reversible

Stylish, convenient, economical; made of fine cloth, and finished in pure starch on both sides alike. Turn down collars are reversible and give double service.

No Laundry Work.

When soiled discard. Ten collars or five pairs of cuffs, 25c. *By mail*, 30c. Send 6c. in stamps for sample collar or pair of cuffs. Name size and style.

REVERSIBLE COLLAR CO., Dept. 18, BOSTON

PILES Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Prepared for Piles and Itching of the private parts. At druggists or by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents and $1.00. WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Props., CLEVELAND, OHIO.

THE FARMING WORLD

FOWLS FOR MARKET.

How to Prepare Them Attractively and in Convenient Shape for the Housekeeper.

The best market fowls carry the white meat not only on the breast proper, as at B in Fig. 1, but also well back between the legs at A. Much of the market poultry fails to be thick-meated at this point (A), and this is a vital defect. The pure bred Wyandots and Plymouth Rocks are specially

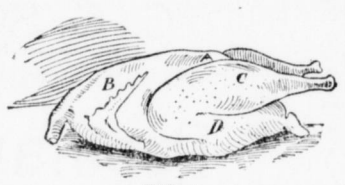


FIG. 1.

noted for carrying a generous quantity of white meat not only upon the breast, but also well back between the legs, and this is one of the reasons for the market popularity of these two breeds. For a private trade it is worth while to prepare in an especially attractive manner, as in Fig. 2, in convenient

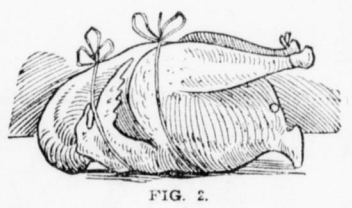


FIG. 2.

shape for boiling or roasting. Pick the birds carefully, wipe off any discoloration with a moist cloth, singe carefully and remove any remaining pin feathers, and the bird is ready for cooking. Customers appreciate getting poultry in just this shape. The feet can be left on, but when customers have confidence in the one furnishing them poultry, this is not necessary.—Farm and Home.

MANAGEMENT OF BEES.

A Large Honey Crop Depends Upon the Strength, Not the Number, of Colonies.

If we would have bees in the best possible condition to obtain a large yield of honey we would commence operations as early as possible. A large honey crop depends principally upon the strength of colonies, and not upon the number of colonies. One good colony that is strong in numbers, and in every way in proper condition, will store more surplus honey than a dozen weak ones, and the proper thing to do is to get everyone as near the desired strength and condition, and also at the time needed. Localities differ to some extent as to the time of the principal honey harvest, but just at the opening of the same is the time we want our colonies ready. Usually we are safe in commencing as soon as the weather will permit.

The first thing is to examine every colony as to condition. Good prolific queens, and those only, can we build upon. It is useless to spend time with inferior queens, for there is no plan to work to, to make a success of such. Old queens, say from three years old and over, may all be discarded, as there is no exception at this age worth bothering with. A few such queens may seem all right at the beginning, but in the end they will not prove so, and will be everlastingly starting queen cells and preparing to swarm.

If profitable queens are not available the best thing to do is to unite all colonies containing inferior queens with those having good young prolific queens. While this may cut down the number of colonies, it will pay in the end. This defect may always be provided for during the fall previous if proper precautions are taken to requeen all such colonies, and at this time we have a good chance to detect all inferior queens, and also owing to the supply of cheap queens it is much less expensive and less troublesome at this time.—A. H. Duff, in National Rural.

The Color of Egg Yolks.

Pale-yolked eggs are neither so inviting in appearance nor as nutritious in quality as rich red-colored ones, says an English exchange. The principal deficiency is in iron and phosphorus, two elements of primary importance in the ailment of human beings. Fowls obtain a very large percentage of these substances from the vegetable kingdom, and if the supply of green food is withdrawn the yolks very soon assume a pale color. The deficiency can be supplied to a great extent by putting some sulphate of iron or sirup of phosphates in the drinking water, but this is not a natural method, and it is much better to supply green food in plenty.

Swollen Eyes and Heads.

This subject has been given attention before, but I will repeat that it is prevalent during this season. Swollen heads and eyes are due to exposure to drafts of air, usually top ventilation. Wash the heads with a solution made of ten drops of carbolic acid in a gill of water, inject into each nostril two drops of equal parts of camphorated oil and crude petroleum, and give each fowl two grains of bromide of potash in milk or soft food. Repeat daily until the birds recover, but in all cases remove them to a dry, warm place and out of reach of all drafts or currents of air.—Farm and Fireside.

PROVIDE PURE WATER.

Unless an Abundant Supply of It Is at Hand Sheep Raising Will Not Be Profitable.

"Stagnant water is the best vehicle for conveying the parasites that infest the sheep. If you have not abundant supply of clear, pure water, easy of access to sheep, we hasten to advise you not to attempt sheep raising.

"Low, marshy or spouty land is an abomination to the flockmaster; but Kansas is so free from this character of land that the caution seems uncalled for. But the ponds—the ponds sometimes called artificial lakes, but rather artificial cesspools—drain them, drain them dry, or apply the herd law and fence them (the sheep) out."

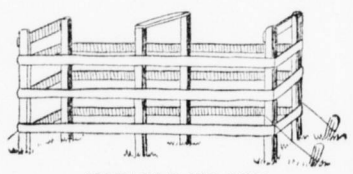
The above true remarks were made by Hon. F. D. Coburn, of Kansas, and will be indorsed by all practical shepherds. It has as truly been said the hog cholera follows the course of streams, is most virulent near their banks and fades out at a distance from such waters. We know, too, that anthrax is often spread by watering ponds and creeks, and we see from the above the danger of stagnant water for sheep. In England the liver fluke, which passes one period of its life history within the body of water snails, is only prevalent in low-lying, marshy places. It is likewise true of some of the intestinal parasites of sheep that they are worst on such lands, and it is proverbial that sheep should be kept high and dry. Some argue that sheep do not drink water, but they should just watch them in hot summer weather when the grasses are dewless even in the early morning. They do drink water, and it should be pure. We have known of wholesale abortion among ewes which drank water polluted with the leechings of a manure pile.

We have seen an epidemic of enteric disease among sheep from drinking stagnant water, while the ophthalmic disease of sheep and cattle may often be traced to a similar source of infection. One always finds on investigation that a successful sheep-raising country is a country flowing with pure streams of water and dotted with ponds fed by everlasting springs.—Farmers' Review.

A MOVABLE PIG-PEN.

Cheap and Easily Constructed and Light Enough to Be Moved Readily by Two Men.

It is sometimes convenient to have a pen that will hold a few pigs and that can be moved from one spot to another without taking the pigs out. There are always a few runty pigs in a drove that with a little extra feed and care will come out all right when shipping time comes. Or in weaning a late litter of pigs, with such a pen they can be separated from the rest of the herd and still get the full benefit of the pasture. Or it may be convenient in separating a sow and her brood from the



MOVABLE PIG PEN.

other swine and still give them the advantage of green feed. This pen is cheap and easily constructed and light enough to be easily moved by two men, or even one, and it need be moved but a few feet to make a change to new ground.

The pen is eight by sixteen feet, made of two-by-fours and fencing boards, three or four feet high, according to the size of the pigs it is to contain. Three pairs of two-by-four posts, each about six feet long, are used to spike the boards to. The lower board should be nailed on four inches from the bottom, as when the pen is lifted in moving the pigs could escape if the boards are higher. Nail a brace at the top of each pair of posts. If the pen is to contain pigs large enough to lift or move it in rooting beneath it can very easily be staked down. Bore inch holes in each of the corner posts and put a wire through it, making a loop a foot and a half in length. Make a stake of some hard wood with a notch near the upper end to catch this loop. With one of these at each corner you can fasten the pen securely.—J. L. Irwin, in Ohio Farmer.

SHEEP SUGGESTIONS.

Breed from young ewes. They raise better, more vigorous and healthier lambs.

A great deal depends on your soil and pasture as to the kind of sheep you raise. Heavy herds will not do as well as smaller ones.

It takes from three to four bushels of grain to fatten a sheep, and we figure on ten tons of roughness for 100 sheep during the average feeding season.

Sheltering lambs from heavy, cold rainstorms which occur for a month and a half before winter sets in is economy. They should be regularly housed every night. They should be taught to eat grain in early autumn. It is well to have racks of hay ready for them in their stables, and they will soon learn to eat.—Rural World.

Poultry House Whitewash.

If the whitewash is made with skimmed milk and lime instead of lime and water it will be more durable and will last much longer. For a durable red paint fresh bullock's blood and lime are excellent, and it will turn water. If ordinary whitewash be used, one pound of flour, two pounds of alum and one pound of salt, the latter being dissolved in hot water, the former then added until a thin paste is made, and the whole mixed with five gallons of whitewash, will be very durable.—Farm and Fireside.

SYRUP OF FIGS

ACTS GENTLY ON THE KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS,

CLEANSES THE SYSTEM EFFECTUALLY,

DISPELS COLDS, HEADACHES & FEVERS.

OVERCOMES HABITUAL CONSTIPATION PERMANENTLY.

TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS

BUY THE GENUINE MAN'F'D BY

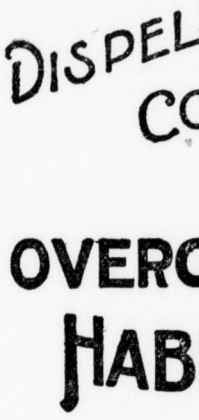
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

JOHN M. SMYTH CO.

MAMMOTH MAIL ORDER HOUSE — 150 TO 166 WEST MADISON ST CHICAGO

5,000 GUITARS AT $2.65



This Guitar is made of the finest imitation mahogany with either solid rosewood or walnut fingerboard, pearl inlaid position dots and German silver raised frets; it has fancy inlay around sound hole and best quality American patent heads; the top of Guitar is beautifully bound with celluloid; it is strung with a full set of best quality steel springs and is ready to play upon.

THIS ELEGANT GUITAR FOR $2.65

No more, no less, than 5,000 of them, probably the largest contract in guitars ever made—an instrument that positively sells from $3.50 to $7.00. When this lot is exhausted we cannot duplicate this offer. Quantity talks. Only by operating on such a big scale, together with our well-known small profit policy, could such an offering be possible. Another reason for dispensing such a bargain broadcast is the confidence we feel that every guitar sold will win for us a permanent patron and a friend whose recommendation we can count upon. We will forward the guitar to any address C. O. D., subject to examination, upon receipt of 50c. We, however, advise that cash in full be sent, as that saves return charges for money and we stand perfectly ready to refund money if the guitar is not all and more than we claim for it. Remember our special price on 5,000 of them only is..... $2.65

OUR MAMMOTH CATALOGUE In which is listed at lowest wholesale prices everything to eat wear and use, is furnished on receipt of only 10¢ to partly pay postage or expressage and as evidence of good faith the 10¢ is allowed on first purchase amounting to $1.00 or above. OUR MONTHLY GROCERY PRICE LIST FREE.

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If you will send us 25c. we will send you Demorest's Family Magazine for three months and give you two handsome pictures in ten colors, exact reproductions of famous oil paintings. They are 8 by 11½ inches. This offer of this great family magazine is only good for 60 days.

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Three times a week from Chicago and Kansas City.

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Better than ever before, at lowest possible rates.

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Also daily service between Chicago and California.

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NEW DRESS GOODS.

Adam,
Meldrum &
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396 to 408 Main St.—American Block,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

NEW DRESS GOODS.

Our stock of new dress fabrics in black and colors is now complete and we are showing the largest and best collection in the city and at the lowest prices.

Among the particularly attractive things for early fall note the following:

36-inch silk and wool granite and cashmere plaids in new color effects, 35c yard, worth 50c.

36-inch all-wool camel's hair plaids, choice color combinations, splendid quality at 50c yard.

46-inch German all-wool, silk-finished Henrietta in street and evening shades, regular 75c quality for 59c yard.

46-inch all-wool French whipcords, in the most desirable fall shades, 59c yard, worth 75c.

52-inch all-wool, Venetian suitings, 56-inch homespun suitings, 54-inch knickerbocker tweeds and 52-inch shrunken cheviots, all new and superior weaves in this season's colors, special value, 75c yard.

52-inch all-wool fine broadcloths and Venitian cloths in a superb line of street and evening shades. These are among the stylish weaves this season, prices $1.00 to $3.50 yard.

Elegant new plaids, camel'-hair cloths, homespuns lamb's woolsuitings and broadcloths, 46 to 56 inches wide, prices $1.00 to $2.50 yard. This includes the grandest stock of plaid dress fabrics ever shown in Buffalo.

Tailor suitings and cloths in all the fashionable weaves of the season, including a larger line of double-faced golf cloths, $1.00 to $7.00 yard.

Black dress goods of every description. Beautiful black crepons at moderate prices.

ADAM, MELDRUM & ANDERSON CO.,

The American Block.

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WE ARE READY FOR

Winter?
Are You?

R. SEGER & SON,

Next to Bank, Emporium, Pa.

UP-TO-DATE CLOTHIERS.

We took time by the forelock and made our purchases of

FALL AND WINTER

CLOTHING,

Thereby securing the cream of the market. Times are not as they used to be—"the early bird catches the worm." Our customers shall have the benefit. In clothing we have secured the very popular

SCHLOSS BRO'S & Co.'s

BALTIMORE CLOTHING.

This firm manufactures the best goods in the market and we are pleased to show our customers their clothing.

STYLISH HATS.

When we say we have the most stylish line of late fall and all-winter shapes in Hats we mean just what we say. We have never yet seen a larger or better line in this county.

ALL UP-TO-DATE,

We have recently disposed of all old goods and our present line has been selected new in every department.

R. SEGER & SON.

Emporium, Pa

TRUSTWORTHY STORE.

Dry Goods

GENERAL STORE

We carry an elegant assortment of Carpets and when in need of anything in this line come and see us.

In Corsets we handle the R. & G., Dr. Warner's Fetherbone and W. B. Cyclist.

Men's, Ladies' and Childrens' Underwear in cotton and wool.

We have an elegant assortment of China Ware and our prices are bound to sell the goods.

BALCOM & LLOYD.

Fourth Street, Emporium, Pa.

HONEST DEALING.

ALL SORTS.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers purify the blood, clean the liver, invigorate the system. Famous little pills for constipation and liver troubles. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

The flagman at the railroad crossing waives responsibility for the company.

Mrs. R. Churchill, Berlin, Vt., says: "Our baby was covered with running sores. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured her." A specific for piles and skin diseases. Beware of worthless counterfeits. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

Its sometimes easier to throw out a bluff than to throw out a bluffer.

Have you a cold? A dose of Ballard's Horehound Syrup at bed-time will remove it. Price 25 cts. and 50 cts. L. Taggart. dec.

The dog-catcher makes a regular business of rushing the growler.

"I was nearly dead with dyspepsia, tried doctors, visited mineral springs and grew worse. I used Kodol Dyspesia Cure. That cured me." It digests what you eat. Cures indigestion, sour stomach, heartburn and all forms of dyspepsia. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

It doesn't do a man any good to know the ropes if he hasn't got a pull.

J. B. Clark, Peoria, Ill., says, "Surgens wanted to operate on me for piles, but I cured them with DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve." It is infallible for piles and skin diseases. Beware of counterfeits. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

Familiarity with a judge is pretty sure to breed contempt of court.

For broken limbs, chilblains, burns, scalds, bruised shins, sore throat, and sores of every kind, apply Ballard's Snow Liniment. It will give immediate relief and heal any wound. Price 25 cts. and 50 cts. L. Taggart. dec

Its peculiar that the gilded youth never shines.

Mr. J. Sheer, Sedalia, Mo., saved his child's life by One Minute Cough Cure. Doctors had given her up to die with croup. It's an infallible cure for coughs, colds, grippe, pneumonia, bronchitis and throat and lung troubles. Relieves at once. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

The cooks duties often cover a wide range.

Miss Annie E. Gunning, Tyre, Mich., says, "I suffered a long time from dyspepsia; lost flesh and became very weak. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure completely cured me." It digests what you eat and cures all forms of stomach trouble. It never fails to give immediate relief in the worst cases. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

In biliousness, Herbine, by expelling from the body the excess of bile and acids, improves the assimilative processes, purifies the blood, and tones up and strengthens the entire system. Price 50 cents. L. Taggart. dec

A woman seeks to retain her youth by keeping her age to herself.

Its only in accord with the eternal fitness of things that the crook should always be on mischief bent.

It takes but a minute to overcome tickling in the throat and to stop a cough by the use of One Minute Cough Cure. This remedy quickly cures all forms of throat and lung troubles. Harmless and pleasant to take. It prevents consumption. A famous specific for grippe and its after effects. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

Every man is more or less of a gossip but he refuses to admit it.

There are few ailments so uncomfortable as piles, but they can easily be cured by using Tabler's Buckeye Pile Ointment. Relief follows its use, and any one suffering from piles cannot afford to neglect to give it a trial. Price 50c. in bottles, tubes 75c. L. Taggart. dec

Its a burning shame when a fellow and his flame have a flare-up.

"One Minute Cough Cure is the best remedy I ever used for coughs and colds. It is unequaled for whooping cough. Children all like it," writes H. N. Williams, Gentryville, Ind. Never fails. It is the only harmless remedy that gives immediate results. Cures coughs, colds, hoarseness, croup, pneumonia, bronchitis and all throat and lung troubles. Its early use prevents consumption. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

Sometimes a lawsuit gets so worn out that it has to be patched up.

The disposition of children largely depends upon health. If they are troubled with worms, they will be irritable, cross, feverish, and perhaps seriously sick. White's Cream Vermifuge is a worm expeller and tonic to make them healthy and cheerful. Price 25 cts, L. Taggart. dec

In the game of life the one armed man always plays a lone hand.

As a cure for rheumatism Chamberlain's Pain Balm is gaining a wide reputation. D. B. Johnston, of Richmond, Ind., has been troubled with that ailment since 1862. In speaking of it he says: "I never found anything that would relieve me until I used Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It acts like magic with me. My foot was swollen and pained me very much but one good application of Pain Balm relieved me. For sale by L. Taggart, Druggist. dec

Its a singular thing how easily an old maid is singled out of crowd.

In sluggish liver, Herbine, by its beneficial action upon the biliary tracts, renders the bile more fluid, and brings the liver into a sound, healthy condition, thereby banishing the sense of drowsiness, lethargy, and the general feeling of apathy which arise from disorders of the liver. Price 50 cts. L. Taggart. dec

Black Diphtheria.

Two cases reported last month and both were successfully treated with Armstrong's Diphtheria and Quinsy Drops. Remember the "Ounce of prevention." Keep these Drops at hand and use in time. Sold by druggists.

COPPERHEAD SNAKE BITE.—A boy near Hammodsville, O., was bitten, and after two hours suffering Armstrong's "I cure U" was used. It stopped the pain, drew out the poison and saved the boy's life. For pain, internal and external, this remedy has no equal. Ask for Armstrong's "I cure U". 6ly.

Notice to Wheelmen.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 25 cent bottle of Henry & Johnson's Arnica & Oil Liniment, if it fails to cure bumps, bruises, scratches, chafes, cuts, strains, blisters, sore muscles, sunburn, chapped hands or face, pimples, freckles, or any other ailments requiring an external application. Lady riders are especially pleased with Arnica and Oil Liniment, it is so clean and nice to use. Twenty-five cents a bottle; one three times as large for 50 cents. L. Taggart R. C. Dodson. 34-25ly

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For Infants and Children.

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WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE

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For sale by L. Taggart. 34-1-ly.

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What is Celery King?

It is an herb drink, and is a positive cure for constipation, headache, nervous disorders, rheumatism, kidney diseases, and the various troubles arising from a disordered stomach and torpid liver. It is a most agreeable medicine, and is recommended by physicians generally.

Celery King is sold in 25c. and 50c. packages by druggists and dealers. 1

R. C. Dodson, Emporium, Pa.

Shadow and Light
Blend most softly and play most effectively over a festive scene when thrown by waxen candles.
The light that heightens beauty's charm, that gives the finished touch to the drawing room or dining room, is the mellow glow of
BANQUET
WAX CANDLES
Sold in all colors and shades to harmonize with any interior hangings or decorations.
Manufactured by
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For sale everywhere.

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Cures Drunkenness. Cures Drug Users.

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